

MUST SELL

Nobody doubts our word when we say we have three times as many goods (in many lines) as we want. We cannot afford to carry them into another winter. They must be sold.

Men's, Women's and Children's
Rubbers and Overshoes,

Men's, Women's and Children's
Gloves and Mittens,

Men's, Women's and Children's
Leggings.

We will sell you the Men's Army Legging for 50c, worth 75c; and 20 per cent. off on all Overshoes. This does not include the Footwear at half price.

A little money goes a long way with you at our place.

REMEMBER, THE NEW GOODS JUST IN.
They are beauties, and cheap at that.

LOW PRICES ON SHOES.

WE HAVE A FEW PAIRS OF THOSE 75 CENT SHOES LEFT YET.

A full line of Men's Working Shoes, Boy's School Shoes and
*Girl's Good Serviceable Shoes at just one-half price.

Don't forget, we have FINE GOODS, best line by far in Rhinelander. Don't miss us on Carpet, while they are SO CHEAP.

SPAFFORD & COLE.

HAVE YOU SEEN THEM?

We are referring to those

New Wool Dress Goods

in Satin, Berber, Solids, Paulte De Soie, Armures, Poplins, Venetians.

HANDSOME WASH GOODS

for Dresses and Waists.

Elegant Dress Trimmings of all Kinds.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

TABLE LINENS AND NAPKINS.

Ladies, we guarantee it will be time well spent to come in and see our new goods.

Cash Department Store.

Northern Woods

NEW

MAPLE SYRUP

...and...

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

At RICHARDS & KINGSBURY'S.

No. 225 Brown St.

RHINELANDER, WIS.

A BILL TO SLICE OFF A PART OF PELICAN TOWN

SCHEME IS TO ADD IT TO MONICO—NOW BEFORE LEGISLATORS.

Certain Concern Wishes to Lessen Rate of Taxation—Taxes in First Mentioned are a Traffic Higher—Building of Roads and Maintenance of Schools the Cause—An Effort Made to Kill the Measure.

We are in receipt of the following letter from Nathan E. Lane, member of assembly from this district, which explains itself:

Madison, Jan. 31st, 1901.
THE NEW NORTH,
Rhinelander, Wis.
Gents:—Enclosed find copy of a bill introduced in the Assembly by this a. m. by Assemblyman E. A. Williams of Winnebago county. This bill provides for detaching certain territory from the town of Pelican and attaching same to the town of Monico in Oneida county. If agreeable I would be pleased to know the sentiment of your people in regard to this bill.
Yours very truly
N. E. LANE.

Following is a copy of the bill as introduced by the Winnebago county assemblyman:

AN ACT TO DETACH CERTAIN TERRITORY FROM THE TOWN OF PELICAN IN ONEIDA COUNTY AND ATTACH THE SAME TO THE TOWN OF MONICO IN SAID COUNTY: The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Township, number thirty-six (36) north, thirty-seven (37) north of range ten (10) east are hereby detached from the town of Pelican, in Oneida county, and the said territory is hereby attached to the town of Monico in said county.

Section 2. This act shall have no effect or invalidate the collection and return of taxes in said territory heretofore levied and assessed, but the same shall be collected and returned the same as if one of said territory had been detached from the town of Pelican.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

We can assure Mr. Lane that every man, woman and child in the town of Pelican and the city of Rhinelander are in a state of indignation at the bill and that he will be doing us a great favor to assist in killing "apikes" in the document and striking it, if possible, in the committee room. The purpose of the bill is easily detected. It is merely a scheme of a

certain concern owning a large amount of timber land in the territory above described to avoid the payment of taxes, or rather as high a rate of taxation. Thus is seen the reason for petitioning the legislature to detach the land from Pelican and add it to the town of Monico, created at the last meeting of the county board. Should the bill pass the legislature, it would work great hardship not only on the town of Pelican, but this city as well. The support of Pelican heretofore has come from the concern we refer to and one other company, the two paying about two-thirds of the taxes of the town. While the taxes of the town of Pelican have not been exorbitant, they have increased somewhat the past few years, made necessary by the building of good roads and the maintenance of excellent district schools. Some active work is going on at the present time among the officers of the town of Pelican and the city to head off the measure, which, it is hoped, will never get any further than the committee room. We again assure Mr. Lane that the sentiment here is universal against the passage of the bill and it is to be hoped he will use his influence to assist an interested part of his constituency in the matter, and we believe he will.

Mrs. Nation.
—When Mrs. Carrie Nation, business manager of the "South" road, was on duty at the station, she was very light, the passengers numbering only twenty-four, which was most fortunate indeed. Had the train been crowded, as it usually is, the list of casualties would no doubt have been a long one.
The train was in charge of Conductor Jones, who was shaken up and bruised considerably about the body. Three of the passengers were seriously injured and it may be that the injuries of one will prove fatal, while all were bruised more or less. The baggage man was one of the unfortunate and was quite badly injured. An elderly lady received a bad scalp wound. Another of the injured was a gentleman, whose face and head was badly cut, requiring several stitches to be taken to close the wounds. He also suffered a broken rib and received, it is thought, internal injuries that will prove fatal.
Dr. T. H. McIndoo, the "South" railway company's local physician and Dr. F. L. Himmann, accompanied by John Collins, roadmaster, left on the 7:30 train the same morning for the scene of the accident. Shortly after the accident occurred one of the brakemen was sent to Pelican to have an engine and carhouse sent to the scene to take the injured to Pelican to have their wounds dressed, which was done by the local physicians, assisted by Dr. Ellis, the Pelican physician for the company.

A. S. PIERCE RETURNS FROM EAST.

Sells Lumber to South African Exporters, Also to the English Government.

A. S. Pierce, of the lumber firm of Silverthorne & Co., returned Monday morning after an absence of three weeks spent in New York, Boston and Philadelphia. He went there for the purpose of doing business in the way of supplying the lumber markets and was successful to a marked degree. Mr. Pierce informed "The New North" that business in the east is very good at the present time and that he enjoyed an exceptionally good trade. One of the orders he secured was for fifteen carloads of lumber, which will go to South Africa, having been sold to an exporter in New York. Another order was for six carloads which will go to the English government. Mr. Pierce secured several other orders and feels well satisfied with the result of his trip. He informs us that the weather in the east is very mild and spring like. It was a great contrast to that of Chicago.

The Liederkreis have about completed arrangements for their big masquerade ball to be given at the New Grand opera house on Monday night, February 15. The members propose to make it the most successful masquerade of the season. Prizes to the amount of \$20 will be given out. The Liederkreis have gained a well earned reputation of making their social functions great successes and their masquerade will eclipse all previous undertakings.

SOLDIER EN ROUTE TO THE PHILIPPINES WRITES

EEER I. SHARPE TELLS OF HIS JOURNEY TO SAN FRANCISCO—EXPECTS TO LEAVE FOR SCENE OF HOSTILITIES THIS MONTH.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 27th, 1901.

Friend Swift:—As I promised to write to you on my arrival here, I shall now attempt the fulfillment of such promise, except that I have delayed writing so as to know more about the place, that my letter might, if possible, be of interest to you.

After leaving Rhinelander on Jan. 12th, we (Thomas O'Brien and myself) remained in Milwaukee until Jan. 15th, when I was placed in charge of the party, consisting of 2 recruits enlisted in Milwaukee, O'Brien and myself, with orders to proceed to Chicago and report to the post quartermaster for transportation to the coast. On our arrival in Chicago our forces were reinforced by two recruits from Detroit, two from Danville, Ill., and four from Chicago. Again I was placed in charge with orders to proceed to the Presidio of San Francisco and there report to the commanding officer for assignment. We were furnished with tourist sleeping car tickets, including berth and government meal orders on dining cars and mail stations en route.

Our passage took us over the Rock Island road from Chicago to Pueblo, Col., where we transferred to the Denver and Rio Grande R. R. At Salt Lake City we again changed to the Rio Grande Western which carried us

SOO LIMITED WRECKED EARLY LAST SATURDAY

ACCIDENT OCCURRED FOUR MILES THIS SIDE OF PRENTICE.

Three Passengers Seriously Injured While All Were Shaken Up and Bruised More or Less—Rhinelander Physicians Soon on the Scene to Dress Wounds of the Injured—Freight and Mail Delayed.

A bad wreck and at the same time a lucky wreck occurred on the "Soo" road at a siding about four miles east of Prentice early last Saturday morning. The train wrecked was the east-bound limited due here at 1:50. The scene of the accident is thirty-five miles west of here and the cause was a broken rail, which evidently snapped after a portion of the train had passed, as the engine, tender and mail car passed over safely. The baggage car and three coaches were derailed, rolling down an embankment and resting on their sides, about fifteen feet from the track.

The wreck was a bad one as far as damage to the cars was concerned, but fortunate inasmuch as none of the passengers were killed. Travel was very light, the passenger number being only twenty-four, which was most fortunate indeed. Had the train been crowded, as it usually is, the list of casualties would no doubt have been a long one.

The train was in charge of Conductor Jones, who was shaken up and bruised considerably about the body. Three of the passengers were seriously injured and it may be that the injuries of one will prove fatal, while all were bruised more or less. The baggage man was one of the unfortunate and was quite badly injured. An elderly lady received a bad scalp wound. Another of the injured was a gentleman, whose face and head was badly cut, requiring several stitches to be taken to close the wounds. He also suffered a broken rib and received, it is thought, internal injuries that will prove fatal.

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The accident happened about the midnight hour. A traveling man who was on the ill-fated train informed Dr. Himmann that the crystal of his watch was broken and that his finger stopped at that time. The doctor says it was a bad looking wreck. The forward end of one of the passenger coaches was stove in, the seats shattered and the steps broken off. The sleeping car was a new and handsome one and was being used for the first time. The train was equipped with a new automatic brake system, the arrangement being such that when one car left the track, the brakes on the others were set, to which no doubt attributed the fact that no lives were lost. The accident was of such a nature that the company is in no way responsible.

This is the first serious accident that has happened on the Soo road since the time the limited was wrecked by train wreckers about five years ago, when there was loss of life and great destruction of property. This week we speak of occurred at Bedford Junction, the merciless winds having cut the timbers of a bridge and propped them in such a way the train would crash through.

Mail and freight service were delayed considerably by reason of Saturday's accident. A wrecking train from Minneapolis was on the scene as soon as possible to clear the wreckage from the track.

It of the Rockies and we passed the entire length of the Royal Gorge before dark and such sights as there met our eyes I dare say can never be described. At least I shall not attempt it, for it was one continual roll from rock to rock, around sharp peaks and 2 diving into a tunnel there only to come out onto the side of a grand castle of rock, with the small stream running like a race horse several hundred feet below. Two engines in front and one behind at times employed their every power to force the long train of eleven coaches over a steep grade. At last the train came to a sudden stop and the tourist conductor informed us that we were at or near the summit where the airbrakes would be examined before we began the long downward run to the western plateau. From here also we could see lights several miles north of us which we were informed were the lights of Leadville whose altitude is higher than that of any other incorporated city in the world.

We arrived the next forenoon at Salt Lake City and although some fog had enveloped the town we could see away upon the mountain side the noted spires and peaks of the great Mormon Temple. Our noon time rest was served up in Ogden, which place seems to be spread over every foot of level land between the mountains.

After leaving Ogden we spent the balance of the day crossing the great American desert, the sight of which takes the polish off the grand scenery which one has already passed through.

We finished the night's travel in Nevada and awoke in time to get the full benefit of the beautiful scenes on the western slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains. Here we passed through forty-seven miles of snow sheds built to protect the road from snow storms. After leaving the snow sheds we descended into the foot hills which were green with foliage and presently we began to pass scattering orchards and the meadows were as green as the June meadows of Wisconsin. We stopped for dinner at Sacramento. It is a lovely city. From there our train pulled to Oakland where we took a ferry across to "Frisco" arriving there at 3:15 p. m., Saturday, Jan. 27th, 1901.

I have been assigned to "F" Co. and O'Brien to "E" Co. both of the 2nd Provisional Battalion of U. S. Infantry. It is now whispered around that we leave for Manila on Feb. 15th, but it is quite uncertain.

The climate here is all that could be desired, except that rains and damp fogs are rather frequent at this time of the year.

We drill three hours per day and sleep in tents. The strength of the companies are 150 men each. A veritable regiment as compared to the strength in time of peace, which is sixty-five men. Our food here is extremely plain but sufficient to stay the hunger. It seems a foregone conclusion that every man one meets here is "busted" and out of tobacco and there are something like 3,000 soldiers in this place. We are located about midway between the city and Golden Gate on the very beach of San Francisco Bay.

I will now discontinue and write no more today for my fingers are tired, having now finished thirty-eight of these sheets today, sent to various persons. In the midst of my affliction I now become my painful duty to request you to forward The New North to me and continue to do so until further advised, and should the inspired productions I may send you from time to time fail to compensate you to the extent of the subscription price of said paper, you will send bill for same to me and I will remit either in Chinese coin or Army Jaw Bone, either of which is legal tender on this edge of the earth. My best wishes are sent with this letter to all my friends, (I have no money, whom I hope number many).

Yours in future as in the past.
EER I. SHARPE.
Co. F, 2nd Prov. Battalion.
Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.
U. S. A.

WILY GROUND HOG RULES.

He Sees His Shadow and Returns to His Lair, No Tradition Has It.

Many were hoping and praying that last Saturday could have been gloomy. They would have welcomed a traveling blizzard in order to have obscured the sun enough to tempt the wily ground hog from his lair and keep him out.

Tradition has it that this sagacious animal comes out from his winter quarters on Feb. 2 to take an general observation and if there is enough sunshine to let him see his shadow he returns for an additional six weeks' slumber. In other words a cloudy second of February means an early spring; a bright day, a late one.

In this connection it may be stated that some years ago the Chicago Inter-Ocean set on foot a scientific investigation to prove the truth or fallacy of this belief. Reliable meteorological data covering seventeen years was found and in that time the oracle proved correct just once. Another fondly cherished delusion rudely dispelled.

Arrested for Assault.

W. R. Boyer, an employee of the Wisconsin Veneer company, got in an altercation with one of the members of the firm last Saturday and the outcome was that he participated in the world contest came to blows. Boyer was later arrested on the charge of assault, the complaint being made by R. C. Dayton. He was taken before Judge Browne, plead guilty and paid the usual fine.

NEW NORTH.

SWITZERLAND FRUITING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN.

Poland is the only conquered nation in this century prior to the present event in South Africa whose conquerors have offered no terms but annihilation to the vanquished.

Venice is trying to revive the picturesque ceremony of wedding the Adriatic, which has been discontinued since the last Doge was expelled in 1797. Plans have been made for building a lucentaur on the model of the last state galley used for the ceremony.

The coronation of the four-year-old king of Uganda took place at Mengo with considerable ceremonial. A banquet for Europeans was served in English style, even to table napkins. Seats were provided for the missionaries. Twenty-eight bullocks and 125 goats and sheep were cooked to provide a feed for 15,000 natives.

A bill has been introduced in the Wisconsin legislature to encourage the development of population by the state by giving a premium to the mothers of large families. Mothers of a family of six children are to receive \$10 annually; mothers of seven, \$12; mothers of eight, \$15; mothers of nine, \$20; mothers of ten, \$25; mothers of eleven, \$30.

The New York fire department has adopted a new life-saving net, consisting of a gaspipe circular frame which opens and shuts like an old-fashioned purse. A canvas net, lined with wadding two inches thick, is attached to the frame by springs, which deaden the shock of a person jumping into it. In a recent trial a fireman jumped into it from a height of four stories and the shock was trifling.

Mrs. E. L. Holman, of Philadelphia, is a successful architect, but has managed her business in such a way that many of her clients who live at a distance are not aware that she is a woman architect. Mrs. Holman has designed all classes of buildings, and is proud of houses in every state in the union except Mississippi. The material is now en route for a building of her designing to be erected in the Island of Jamaica.

Chickens are now plucked in a wholesale manner by the use of pneumatic machinery. There is a receptacle in which the bird is placed after being killed, and into this are turned several cross currents of air from electrical fans revolving at the rate of 2,000 turns per minute. In the twinkling of an eye the bird is stripped of its feathers, even to the tiniest particle of down, and the machine is ready for another.

A ring bearer is now a prominent character in swaggar weddings. Nervous bridegrooms often had so much trouble to produce the ring at the exact moment, keeping the ceremony waiting while they fumbled in every pocket, that some ingenious individual hit on the idea of intrusting the ring to some special official. So a small boy, clad in court costume, carries the important ring on a wide satin cushion and stands by the best man.

A considerable sum of money has recently been bequeathed by a Greek philanthropist of Corfu for the purposes of matrimonial lottery. Every year a certain number of poor girls, of good conduct, will receive tickets entitling them to a chance of winning a sum sufficient for a marriage portion. The committee entrusted with the administration of the lottery is presided over by the archbishop of Corfu, and the winning number is published in the papers.

The London police number 12,765. During the past year 81 were injured while stopping runaway horses, and 21 were hurt by vehicles while regulating the traffic. The property stolen in the 12 months was valued at \$60,000, a sum less than has been recorded since 1890. There were 1,763 burglaries, against 1,872 in the previous year. The number of ex-convicts let loose from London during the year amounted to 631. The public left in licensed vehicles 17,000 umbrellas and 290 watches.

The queen regent of Spain, Maria Christina, will occupy Lord Salisbury's villa at Nice during the coming season. Her eldest daughter, the princess of the Asturias, will probably spend her honeymoon at the villa. The princess of the Asturias is of the pronounced Spanish type, very pleasing in appearance though not positively beautiful. She has received much more culture than is usual with Spanish girls of her age, and the queen regent has endeavored to interest her in athletics.

Some Boston capitalists propose to promote frog raising in the Bay State on a scale unprecedented in this country. An organization has recently been formed under the name of the Massachusetts Frog Co., and land has been purchased for carrying out the company's undertaking. Artificial ponds, varying in size and connected by a series of locks, are being made for conducting the system of cultivation. They will be lined with cement, and the smallest of them will be 10 feet long and 3 feet in width.

SOLENN SPLENDOR.

Mark the Funeral of Queen Victoria in London.

CROWNED HEADS FOLLOW REMAINS.

Silent Grief of Dense Crowds Which Witness the Cortege—Ereos of British Soldiers and Sailors—25,000 Strong.

London, Feb. 4.—With every circumstance of splendid pomp befitting the obsequies of so mighty and well-beloved a monarch, all that is mortal of Queen Victoria was borne through the streets of the capital and taken to the ancient fortress-palace of the sovereigns of England. The solemn magnificence of Friday's opening phase of these last rites was duly maintained. Perhaps the stately grandeur of Saturday's sorrowful pageant through the swarming streets of London, with hundreds of thousands of mourners forming a black border to the route, will never be surpassed.

Black Sombreness Believed.
There was in Victoria's funeral procession an absence of that black ceremonial generally connected with the final progress to the grave.

Saturday the coffin was drawn by cream-colored horses. The pall was white and the uniforms of the troops and the gold trappings of the foreign sovereigns, princes and representatives, forming a glittering medley, gave brilliant coloring to the scene. The chief mourner himself, with his field marshal's uniform, even though this was partially hidden by his overcoat, surrounded by his corps, helped to lighten the symbols of mourning marking the route.

Distinguished Mourners.
Never in English history has a sovereign been borne to the grave attended by so many distinguished mourners. The gathering of crowned heads surpassed those who rode in the jubilee procession. All the great officers of state participated.

The display of the naval and military forces reached the great total of 25,000 men.

Minute Guns Fired.
The firing of minute guns and the tolling of bells at a quarter past 11 announced to the countless multitudes who had been crowding London's muddy streets since daylight that the funeral procession with the body of Queen Victoria had begun its passage through the capital.

People Took to See Coffin.
The people fought for hours for a glimpse of the coffin and the kings and others following it. They saw a long procession of soldiers, a passing show of dazzling regalia, with a hundred royalties crowding after, and then dispersed, while all the church chimers of the city were ringing and muffled dirges were played.

Funeral Train Arrives.
It was nearly 11 o'clock, when amid cries of "The king of Portugal's horse," the "grand duke of Hesse's horse," as the princes mounted, the train steamed into Victoria station a minute ahead of time.

All heads were uncovered as the saloon carriage bearing the queen's remains stopped exactly opposite the gun carriage and King Edward, Queen Alexandra, Emperor William and others alighted.

Coffin Removed from Train.
Then the bearer party advanced to the saloon carriage, and with his hand at the salute and standing a little in advance of the others, King Edward watched the painfully slow removal of the coffin to the gun carriage. It was finally accomplished, and the pall and regalia of the British crown were placed on the coffin.

Procession Starts.
The king and the others with him then mounted and the procession started. The procession, apart from the gun carriage bearing the coffin, and the royal family and official mourners about it, was not noteworthy. Parliament, the judiciary and the commercial bodies were not represented. Royalty, the army and navy monopolized the pageant. Three thousand soldiers and sailors, picked companies representing all branches of the service, cavalry, artillery, infantry, yeomanry, militia volunteers and colonials, formed the advance escort.

March Without Music.
They marched slowly and without music. Most of the uniforms were covered with dark overcoats and the standards were draped with black, the officers wearing bands of crepe on their sleeves. The infantry marched in columns of four, with rifles reversed. They were half an hour in passing. Then came Field Marshal Earl Roberts and his staff, and, after them, four massed bands playing funeral marches. Three hundred musicians announced the coming of the body of the queen. There was a long array of court officials, under the leadership of the duke of Norfolk (the earl marshal) all attired quaintly and brilliantly, bearing maces or wands, most of them elderly men who for years had served the royal lady for whom they were performing the last offices.

Appearance of Coffin.
Most of the spectators expected an imposing catafalque, and the coffin was almost past before they recognized its presence by removing their hats. It was a pathetically small oblong black casket beneath a rich pall of white satin on the corners of which gleamed the royal arms. Across the pall the royal standard was draped and a large crown of gold, encrusted with jewels, rested at the head of the coffin, which was at the end of the gun carriage, just over the gun.

On the foot of the coffin were two

smaller crowns with a gold-jeweled scepter lying between them. The eight horses which drew the gun carriage were almost concealed beneath their rich harnesses. A large bow of purple was attached to the coffin. This was the only symbol of mourning.

The Royal Mourners.
Immediately after the company about the coffin three royal mourners rode abreast. King Edward VII. was the central figure of the three, but no less ostentatious personage was seen in the procession.

A black chapeau with a plume of white feathers was on his head, and a long black cloak was buttoned around him and hung down over the big black horse which he was riding. The king's familiar face seemed grave and careworn. He looked straight ahead, apparently at the gun carriage on which was the body of the sovereign whose glory and responsibilities he had inherited. He did not see, or gave no sign of seeing, the long ranks of soldiers hedging back the populace about him.

Appearance of Emperor William.
Beside King Edward rode Emperor William, his nephew and neighbor. The unique, commanding figure of the German emperor could not for a moment be mistaken. He looked every inch a soldier and the commander of men.

On the king's left rode his brother, the duke of Connaught, a man of soldierly appearance, almost unnoticed and unrecognized by the people.

In the second rank, behind, rode two more sovereigns, the kings of Greece and Portugal.

Then followed a dazzling array of members of royal families, numbering about 40 in all and riding three abreast. So close were they together and so quickly did they pass that individuals, prospective rulers of empires, kingdoms and principalities could not be distinguished.

The next section of the procession included the six royal carriages, the first and second carrying Queen Alexandra, the duchess of Fife (now princess royal), Princess Victoria and Princess Charles of Denmark and the daughters of Queen Victoria and the king of the Belgians.

After the funeral party itself the dominating figure of the day was Field Marshal Earl Roberts. When his well-known bronzed face came in view the people forgot the solemnity of the occasion and broke into cheers, also shouting "Holla" and other expressions of familiar approval.

The military attaches of all the embassies and legations were with Lord Roberts' staff. In the front rank rode the American attaché, Maj. Edward B. Cassatt, in an infantry officer's full dress. The funeral procession occupied two hours in passing from Victoria station to Windsor, a distance of three miles. The decorations everywhere were impressive, but not elaborate. Purple draperies, hung with green wreaths, predominated. Flags were on most of the buildings.

Journey to Windsor.

The funeral cortege reached Windsor about one o'clock, and the military section passed rapidly out without checking the movement of the queen's bodyguard and the royal mourners. The officers of the guards and the household cavalry carried the coffin to the train, and kings, princes and court ladies were escorted to the railway compartments. There was carpeting the entire length of the platform, and the whole north wall was draped with white and purple hangings. The train was delayed until 1:20, and did not reach Windsor until after two o'clock.

DEATH IN A FIRE.

Milwaukee Residence Burns and Five Children Lose Their Lives by Suffocation.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—Five children met death by suffocation and one woman was fatally burned in a fire in the dwelling of Andrew Lucible Saturday night. The Lucible cottage is in Bay View at the corner of Russell and Cleveland avenues. When the firemen responded to an alarm at ten o'clock Saturday night they found the house locked. They broke in the doors and quickly extinguished a small blaze in the kitchen. In the bedroom were found the dead bodies of the five children, who had evidently been suffocated by the smoke which filled the house. Behind the stove in the kitchen lay the body of an old woman, yet alive, but unconscious and badly burned. She was taken to the emergency hospital and is not likely to recover. The children were two boys and three girls, the oldest 12 years, the youngest four. The parents were away from home and left the children in charge of Mrs. Daywater, the old woman found in the kitchen. The fire was evidently caused by an overturned lamp.

New Credentials to Choate.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The president has issued new credentials to Mr. Choate as ambassador of the United States to Great Britain. They are similar in form to those already held by Mr. Choate, with the exception that they accord him to King Edward VII., instead of to Queen Victoria. The credentials already have been forwarded to London, and will be presented by Mr. Choate as soon as he can secure an audience with the king.

Tornado in Texas.

Cooper, Tex., Feb. 4.—A tornado Saturday night did great damage in the western portion of Delta county. The home of James Moody, at Honeat, was wrecked and his 15-year-old daughter fatally injured. Tink Surret was killed and two daughters seriously injured at Hattam, where a number of houses were wrecked. At Denton an oil mill was wrecked, but no one was hurt.

RESTS AT WINDSOR.

Body of the Late Queen Awaits Final Interment.

KING ORDERS PUBLIC CEREMONIES.

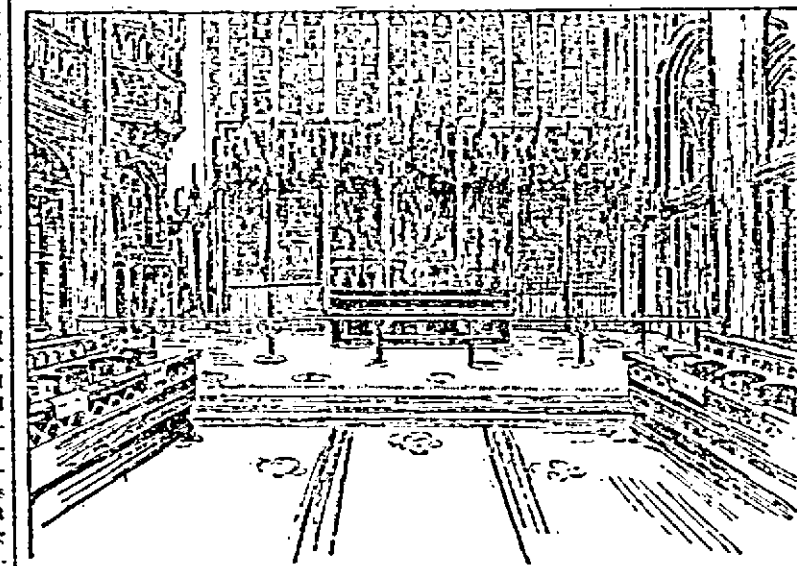
Imposing Services at St. George's Chapel on Arrival of the Remains—Memorial Services in Many Cities.

Windsor, Feb. 4.—St. George's chapel was a magnificent sight and divided attention with the officials and college of heralds, gorgeous in quaint mantles, tabards and insignia, and the medieval-looking yeomen of the guard, carrying the halberds at slope.

The chapel choir, the archbishop, the bishops and other clergy met the procession at the west door. From the organ loft midway of the nave and the chancel came the strains of Mendelssohn's march from "Songs Without Words" in E-flat. The strains of the organ died away and the choir commenced singing softly the sentences for the dead. The solemn cortege proceeded up the nave, which was thronged with the highest and noblest women of England. "Lord, Thou Hast Been Our Refuge," to Felton's setting, was next sung by the choir, which had now taken its place in the transept to the right of the altar.

The coffin rested upon a catafalque placed at the steps of the altar. The cross over the communion table was covered with white flowers and the robed behind was almost concealed with sprays of fern, dotted with lilies. The bishop of Winchester read the lesson from the Fifteenth of Corinthians.

INTERIOR OF ST. GEORGE'S CHAPEL, WINDSOR.



Where Funeral Services for the Late Queen Were Conducted.

"Man That Is Born of Woman" was chanted by the choir to Wesley's music, followed by "Thou Knowest, Lord, the Secrets of Our Hearts." The dean of Windsor read "I Heard a Voice," and the choir sang the Lord's Prayer to the music composed especially for the dead queen by Gounod. Once more the strains of the choir welled up through the ancient chapel with the singing of "How Blessed Are They That Die," by Tchaikowsky.

The archbishop of Canterbury read the collect, and, with quivering voice, pronounced the benediction. There was a solemn pause while all heads bowed. A few sob were heard and the choir then broke the oppressive stillness with the sweet harmony of the "Dresden Amen."

Then the loud tones of morrow king of arms, William Henry Weldon, proclaimed the dead monarch's title. The anthem, "Blessed Are the Departed," followed, and the service was concluded by the playing of Beethoven's funeral march by Sir Walter Parrot, the organist of St. George's chapel and private organist to the late queen.

Those in Attendance.
Among the early arrivals were ministers and ex-ministers in full state uniform, their breasts a mass of gold braid. All the members of the cabinet took their seats in a row. Lord Salisbury followed, wearing a velvet skull cap and wrapped in an ordinary black overcoat. When this was taken off it revealed a plain court uniform. The ladies-in-waiting, veiled as the princesses were Friday, took their seats on a long bench below the stalls. The first member of the diplomatic corps to arrive was the Turkish ambassador. Long before the stalls were filled the nave was packed. It was here that the standards had been erected, and the chancel screen on the organ completely prevented several hundred in the nave from seeing what went on in the church.

Now and again the gentleman-at-arms, keeping on his huge plumed helmet and gauntlets, his sword dangling at his heels, walked up to the quiet chancel to make some final arrangement.

Lord Rosebery came in about 1:15. The most of the diplomatic corps occupied nearly two entire rows of stalls on the right of the chancel. The most noticeable, by reason of his brilliant robes, was the Chinese minister.

The service at St. George's chapel was concluded at 4:10 p. m. The body will lie until today in the Albert memorial chapel.

Ceremonies to Be Public.
London, Feb. 4.—The body of the late Queen Victoria has been protected by guardmen in the Albert Memorial chapel at Windsor since it was deposited there Saturday. The officials of the royal household at Windsor castle visited the chapel Sunday, as well as a number of friends, and admired the

great display of wreaths. The interment at Frogmore to-day will be at three o'clock p. m. The ceremony there will, by the king's special command, be public, instead of private, as was originally intended. The archbishop of York, the bishop of Winchester and the dean of Windsor will officiate.

A memorial service was held Sunday morning in St. George's chapel, attended by King Edward, Queen Alexandra, the duchess of Cornwall and York, Emperor William, Crown Prince Frederick William, the duke of Connaught, other relatives of the late queen and 50 ladies and gentlemen of the royal household.

After the service King Edward and Emperor William walked in the grounds, and in the evening they attended a strictly private service, at which Mme. Allani sang. Emperor William will leave Windsor Tuesday, accompanied by King Edward. He will take luncheon at Marlborough house, after which he will drive to Charing Cross station, where he will take the train for Port Victoria. He will follow the same route by which Lord Roberts entered London on returning from South Africa, and a great ovation is expected.

SERVICES AT WASHINGTON.

Memory of Queen Honored by Imposing Ceremonies at Nation's Capital.

Washington, Feb. 4.—In the presence of a distinguished assemblage, including the president of the United States and his entire cabinet, the supreme court and diplomatic corps, impressive tribute Saturday was rendered to England's dead queen. The ceremony occurred at St. John's Episcopal church, beginning at 11 o'clock in the morning, and was distinctly official in character. The British ambassador, Lord Pauncefoot, had been directed

BLIZZARD RAGES.

Worst Storm of the Winter Causes Great Inconvenience in Several States.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—A blizzard struck this city about ten a. m. Sunday and raged furiously throughout the day. Snow was still falling heavily at midnight. Street car and elevated railway service is hampered greatly, and trains are delayed on all railways.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—A blizzard from the northeast has been raging in this city all day. Street cars had a hard time and only a few cars are running on each line. The lines were kept open only by the constant running of the sweepers. The snow is drifting badly and the steam railroads were hampered somewhat, also.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 4.—From all towns in southern Michigan reports are coming in of the worst snowstorm of the season. About eight inches of snow on the level is the record, but the snowfall has been accompanied by a severe northeast wind, which has piled drifts two and three feet deep in country roads and along railroad tracks. It is a wet snow and on this account travel is blocked. Trains into Detroit are from one to three hours late. In this city the streets are piled full and it is only by extraordinary effort that the street cars are kept running.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 4.—The snowstorm that struck Des Moines about midnight Saturday covered the entire state and is the most severe of the winter. A strong northwest wind has been blowing, and has piled the snow in drifts from one to two feet deep. Railway trains through the state have been delayed considerably and street car traffic was practically blocked for a time.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 4.—The worst snowstorm for several years prevailed in northern Kansas and southern Nebraska Saturday night and Sunday. Three hundred miles of the central branch of the Missouri Pacific, traversing northern Kansas, are tied up, and not a train came in off the road Sunday. Passenger trains are snow-bound at Cawker City, Greenleaf and Whiting, and several freights are stuck in the snow at different points. Snow plows are working westward from Atchison and eastward from Downs. All trains into Atchison are delayed. Atchison street car lines are tied up. Snow drifts six feet deep are reported in many places along the central branch. From various towns in northern Kansas and southern Nebraska the snow is reported from one to 15 inches deep on the level.

SURPRISED BY INSURGENTS.

Several American Soldiers Killed While Crossing River in Island of Cebu.

Manila, Feb. 4.—Lieut. Hickel and a detachment of 20, company M, Forty-fourth regiment, while crossing a river Tuesday night, were surprised by insurgents gathered at Fiesta San Lucia, island of Cebu. They were attacked in front and on both flanks by 160 rifles and more bolomen. Five Americans were killed, four were wounded and two are missing. The insurgent loss is believed to have been heavy. Capt. Mailey, with a detachment, reinforced Lieut. Hickel. They recovered some bodies, which were mutilated.

Additional detachments were sent and are endeavoring to surround the insurgents.

Bank Robbed.

Gilman, Ill., Feb. 4.—Burglars wrecked the safe of B. H. Skrele, a banker at Thawville, a village near here, at an early hour Saturday morning, secured \$22,000 in cash and made their escape. Bloodhounds were put on the trail, but the snow prevented their following the scent.

United States in Line.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The United States government has adhered formally to the Brussels convention for the prevention and restriction of the sale of spirituous liquors in certain regions of Africa.

TORN TO FRAGMENTS.

Awful Fate of a Man and Team of Horses.

AN EXPLOSION OF NITROGLYCERIN.

Disaster Takes Place in the Indiana Gas Belt—Many Houses in the Vicinity Are Badly Damaged.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 4.—The Indiana gas belt, with a circumference of 200 miles, was given a thorough shaking up at noon Sunday with another nitroglycerin explosion on the Washington Painter farm, 13 miles west of Muncie, and only fragments of a team of horses and a man in charge can be found. Percy Fort, of Knightstown, was hauling 700 quarts of nitroglycerin to the magazine of the Painter farm for use in the oil wells, and the explosion occurred while the man was unloading the stuff from the wagon. There were 50 quarts in the magazine, and only two great holes in the ground show where the wagon and magazine stood, while fragments of the man's clothes with bits of flesh and part of the horses hang in the tree tops for a quarter of a mile distant. A part of one arm is the largest piece of the man's body found. Fortunately no one else was near, owing to the fact that it was Sunday. There is no one to tell how it happened. The Aly Painter home is 200 yards distant, and was badly wrecked, dishes being broken with every window light. Some stock in the barn yard was killed, but the family was at church. Other houses had windows broken out, and in Alexandria, four miles distant, a plate glass window in an office was broken, also many saloon windows were broken out in the town. The explosion was heard 25 miles distant, at Elwood.

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SUICIDE SUSPECTED.

Aged Lady and Her Invalid Son Found Dead at Foot of Stair.

Pestoria, O., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Jacob Yochum, aged 50, and her son William, aged 19, were found dead in their bedrooms by the police Sunday afternoon. They had been missing for three days and investigation led to their dead bodies being found with all evidence pointing to suicide by strychnine poisoning. The mother's poverty and the fact that the son was suffering from incurable disease is supposed to have made them despondent and led to self-destruction.

Tribute to Garbel.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 4.—The people of Frankfort on Sunday paid tribute to the memory of William Goebel, holding memorial services at the grave on the anniversary of his death. A large crowd was present and speeches were made by Adj. Gen. Murray and Judge J. C. Cantrell. The floral offerings with which the grave was covered were profuse and costly, many towns in the state having sent designs.

Hate to Kill.

Stephanus Thordolius von Krueckowski, an obscure character, who has sustained himself for the past 12 years by killing a 4-acre farm near High Ridge, has been notified from authoritative sources that he has been made heir by the death of a relative in Germany to nearly \$3,000,000. Owing to the difficulty in pronouncing his name Mr. Krueckowski has several years ago nicknamed "Steamboat." Since March 23 last "Steamboat" has superintended the poor farm of Ashland county.

Darling Hubbery.

The farmhouse of Harding Crowe, near Truesell, was the scene of a daring robbery. Several of the men on the farm board with their employer. About 10 o'clock three of them were sitting downstairs when two masked men with revolvers entered the room. They bound the men and locked them in the kitchen and then ransacked the rooms upstairs. After securing their plunder they made good their escape.

Six-Year-Old Suicide.

Carl Smith, six years old, an inmate of the home for the feeble-minded at Chippewa Falls, committed suicide. For several days he had been acting in a strange manner. When the attention of a nurse was attracted elsewhere the child rushed into the medicine room, seized a bottle of carbolic acid, swallowed the contents and died a short time later in agony. His last words were that he was glad he was going to die.

Won't Be in Parade.

The faculty of the University of Wisconsin has decided that they will not accept the invitation from the committee in charge of the inaugural exercises at Washington to send a delegation to represent the university in the inaugural parade. It is against the policy of Wisconsin to send a body of students to participate in any public exercises of this nature, particularly during the best time of the year.

Cigarette Fiend Divorced.

Cigarette smoking to excess is a ground for divorce. At least that is the ruling made in Oshkosh by Judge Purnell, of Winnebago county circuit court. Mrs. Beatrice Tracey sued for separation from Kolla Tracey, and the principal allegation was that he was a cigarette fiend. The judge granted an absolute decree of divorce. Tracey is very well connected here.

Was Well Known.

R. S. Kingman, well known throughout the west among stock breeders and scientific farmers, died in Sparta after a protracted illness, aged 72 years. He was at one time part owner of the famous Bob Tail mine, near Pike's Peak, and was also interested in the Maine tanneries, said to be the largest in the world.

Charged with Assault.

Lewis Collier, 20 years of age, was arrested on a charge of attempting to assault Miss Minnie Roth, who teaches school in the Arquette district, eight miles north of Pittsville. The young lady's cries attracted neighbors, who came to her rescue, frightening her assailant away.

Noted Lawyer Dead.

Judge H. N. Austin, for half a century a resident of Milwaukee, died at the age of 79 years. Judge Austin was well known in the law profession throughout the state. He was city attorney in 1890, and later judge of the superior court and court commissioner.

The News Condensed.

Comptroller's certificates authorizing the first national bank of Medford to begin business have been issued. Capital, \$25,000. F. D. Shaw, president; L. Sperbeck, cashier.

W. H. Wolf, a veteran shipbuilder and well known throughout the great lakes region, died at Milwaukee, aged 72 years.

The state board of control let contracts amounting to about \$5,000 for the meat supply for the next three months for all the state institutions to Libby, McNeill & Libby, of Chicago.

Frank L. Rawson, aged 49, one of the best known musicians and designers of Racine, was found dead on the street. Apoplexy was the cause.

Fred Miller was shot and instantly killed at Stanley by his father-in-law, Ira Stewart. An old feud was the cause.

The farmers in the town of Brighton, Paris, Somers, Pleasant Prairie and Bristol have petitioned the postal authorities for a rural delivery route.

Kid Gleason, of Chicago, won the decision from Charlie Perry, of Waukegan, in a ten-round boxing match at Madison.

Former Assemblyman J. R. McDonald died in Algoma in the eighty-third year of his age. He had been a member of the Kewaunee county bar for more than 42 years and was the first mayor of Algoma.

Dr. Joseph Semesch, probably the oldest practicing physician in Wisconsin, died in La Crosse of pneumonia, aged 87 years.

The Waukegan county fair will be held at Weyauwega September 21-27.

It is said that Mrs. Adam Mutchie, of Racine, is a relative of the late queen of England, and that she is entitled to some of the estate of the queen.

The Elletson cheese factory, situated five miles north of Spring Green, was destroyed by fire. The loss is \$1,500, partly insured.

Frederic Grimmen, aged 75 years, a veteran of the civil war and also a German soldier, died in Kaukauna from the effects of a stroke of paralysis.

John Moffatt & Co., a shoe firm of Philadelphia, assigned with liabilities of \$100,000.

Minister Cramer may be asked to accept the Iowa governorship to settle a faction fight.

A Canadian house favoring independence is actively spreading its influence in the Dominion.

The Duke of Orleans was given a cold reception by Edward VII. at the funeral of the queen.

Mrs. Carrie Nation has announced her purpose of extending her crusade to the whole world.

Gov. Nash, of Ohio, declares the full power of the state will be used to prevent the Jeffries-Rubbin fight.

Gen. Harrison, chief of ordinance, has received a \$20,000 contract for guns approved by Alex. and Miller.

Foreign diplomats expect the United States to establish a protectorate over Cuba in regard to foreign affairs.

The house committee reported favorably on a bill to erect a \$100,000 building for the supreme court and a \$25,000 municipal building.

Important changes at the British court are likely on account of an arrangement between Edward VII. and his sister, Princess Beatrice.

Chamberlain & Co., of Chicago, have been given the contract to remove the wrecks of the Maine and the transport Albatross XII. from the Havana harbor.

Great significance is attached to Justice Harlan's speech at a banquet in Washington, in which he declared the fathers of the republic had no intention of having any authority over other countries, except as provided by the constitution.

A New York company has secured a right of way from Green Bay to Manitowish, Wis., a distance of 25 miles, for an electric railway. It also has an option on the system of the Fox River Electric Railway & Power company, which includes both the Green Bay and Appleton lines.

DE WET'S PLANS.

The Boer Commander Said to Be Preparing to Conquer Cape Colony.

Pretoria, Feb. 1.—News of the movements of Gen. De Wet's army shows that the daring Boer commander aims at nothing less than the conquest of Cape Colony. With nearly all the forces at his command, he is now invading that part of the colony which is settled principally by the Dutch. His object at present seems to be to evade a pitched battle with the British until he has incited the Boer sympathizers of the colony to open rebellion and has armed them to join in the battles.

Gen. De Wet has 2,000 men in his command when he crossed the Tabahe N'Chu line going southward. The Boers have collected in force in the eastern Transvaal in order to facilitate their escape. The horse sickness now prevails in several districts and is making communication more difficult.

Organized attacks have been made along the eastern line and a large combined movement has been arranged against those taking part in them with the object of clearing the whole region of the Boers and of supplies. Columns commanded by Smith-Dorrien, from Wonderfontein; Campbell, from Middleburg; Abertons, from Eerstefabriek; Knox, from Koofontein; Allenby, from Zuurfontein; Hartnell, from Springs; and Colville, from Graylingstad, all in touch with each other, are moving in an easterly direction.

London, Feb. 1.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, commander in chief in South Africa, dated Pretoria, February 2: "Our post at Mochel'sfontein, on the Gatterand, southwest of Krugersdorp, was attacked by a thousand Boers. The relief column sent out from Krugersdorp failed to prevent the fall of the post. No details yet at hand, but officers and men captured at the post are arriving at Vereeniging."

MRS. NATION IN DANGER.

Disclosure of an Alleged Plot to Tar and Feather the Famous Woman.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 1.—A special to the Times from Topeka, Kan., says: Policeman Luster has reported to City Marshal Stahl a plot on the part of the liquor men to tar and feather Mrs. Carrie Nation, the joint smasher. Luster says that a negro tough who he once befriended gave him the tip. Marshal Stahl is making an investigation. The report has frightened Mrs. Nation and her sister crusaders, but they declare that they will continue the work of destroying "sinners' shops."

A recruiting office for the Topeka brigade, Kansas division, Carrie Nation's army, has been opened. About 200 "soldiers" have signed the roll. Most of them are women. The programme of the defenders is to march down Kansas avenue at two p.m. today with drums beating and flags flying and hold prayer meetings in front of every joint. Mrs. Nation says that it was the intention of the boys to march to smother joints today, but this feature of the crusade may be postponed for a day to enable the secret service agents to inquire into the story that armed men are guarding the joints. Mrs. Nation says she doesn't mind a shotgun, but she does not want to lead other women to their deaths.

Not a Candidate.

New York, Feb. 4.—The announcement that Senator Hill is not a candidate for the presidential nomination of his party in 1912 is made by the Albany correspondent of Leslie's Weekly in the current issue. He says he has the highest authority for the statement. Senator Hill, he says, is over 60 in his law practice. He has grown larger and more inveterate each year, and his absorption in professional duties gives him little time and less inclination to respond to the growing call for him to actively assume the party's leadership.

Army Bill Now a Law.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The president signed the bill for the reorganization of the army at 12:40 p.m. Saturday. It is now a law.

Summary of the Business Transacted Daily in Both the Senate and Assembly.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 23.—The primary election bill was introduced in the senate yesterday. It provides that all public officials except judges, town, village and school district officers shall be nominated by the rank and file of the political parties at a primary election where the voters of the party shall elect the party candidates in the same manner that officials are elected on election day. The bill applies the principles of the Australian ballot to the primary, and entirely wipes out all political conventions as they exist at present.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 23.—In the senate bills have been introduced as follows: Primary election bill; providing for cash payment of interest on bonds for state board of immigration and making the state board of agriculture such board; creating free employment offices in cities of third class; regulating fees of students in the state university; regulating price of sleeping car berths; amending property taxes to make true property returns; memorial of the Dane county board of supervisors was received asking for authority to appoint a district attorney hereafter instead of electing one. The anti-cigarette bill was received from the assembly.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 21.—The railroad tax measure prepared by the state tax commission is submitted to the senate yesterday. The former of tax on the railroad, the legislature to take its choice. The license bill provides a graduated tax on gross earnings, beginning with three per cent. on gross earnings of \$100 or less per mile, and raises the tax one-half of one per cent. for each additional \$100 of gross earnings, up to \$1,000, and over per mile. One-half the license fee is to be paid in January, when the license leaves, and the remaining half on or before August 1 following. This bill would increase the tax on railroads about \$60,000 per year. The other bill constitutes the tax commission a state board of assessors, with authority to ascertain the true value of all railroad property in the state, and assess it on the ad valorem plan, like other property. Other bills have been introduced increasing the state fees of licenses of peddlers and hawkers; amending the sentence for burglary from five years to 25 years; to establish a bureau of information regarding dairies at the state fair and provide for a model cheese and creamery factory.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 1.—A bill was introduced in the senate yesterday providing for a street railway in the same right as is possessed by steam railroads except that it shall be subject to acquiring right of way. A memorial to congress urging the passage of the Great Osmoargine bill was passed by the grand assembly.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 2.—In the senate bills have been introduced appropriating \$15,000 for buildings and repairs at the state normal school; prohibiting selling or buying of any animals or birds for sale or for food purposes the killing of which is forbidden; authorizing district school boards to borrow money; relating to the establishment of county industrial schools.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 2.—The primary election bill, the same as the senate measure, was introduced in the assembly yesterday.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 23.—The assembly yesterday passed the senate joint resolution memorializing congress for the election of senators and representatives to the next congress. A bill was introduced for a constitutional amendment permitting cities to raise their debt limit from five to ten per cent. to permit them to secure public utilities. Bills have been introduced: Increasing the amount of personal property exempt from tax from \$100 to \$200; amending assessments of lands and improvements; to prohibit providing rawdust and mill refuse to rivers; providing that counties may levy special taxes for public high-way building; requiring that all city superintendents of schools must be elected by the people before being eligible; relating to the parole of the insane; declaring the powers of prison officers to prevent escape and preserve order.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 21.—Measures designed to increase the railroad taxes of Wisconsin were introduced in the senate yesterday (the bills are the same as the senate measure). A bill was introduced to have the state superintendent of public instruction compile and print text-books for the schools, these to be furnished at cost.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 1.—A bill prohibiting free lunch in saloons was introduced in the assembly yesterday by Mr. Fager, who also offered a measure prohibiting the sale of liquor in the same room where merchandise is sold. Other bills were introduced for the better protection of gamblers; to enable people to change their names easily; to limit expenditures on account of superintendents of state institutions; to make special appropriations for those institutions; to prohibit free lunches in saloons; to forbid gamblers from selling intoxicants; permitting the establishment of county industrial schools and to require barbers to take out licenses. Mr. Dahl offered a bill for appropriations for the various state institutions as follows: Wisconsin hospital for insane, \$120,000; northern hospital for insane, \$120,000; school for the deaf, \$15,000; school for the blind, \$25,000; industrial school for boys, \$30,000; state prison, \$50,000; home for the feeble minded, \$38,000; state reformatory, \$20,000.

Madison, Wis., Feb. 2.—The senate memorial to congress urging the passage of the Great Osmoargine bill was introduced in the assembly yesterday. Two important telephone bills were introduced, one changing the plan of taxation from the license fee system to a tax on property valuation, the other fixing rates from two to four cents a month, according to population, and compelling companies to receive and transmit messages free from each other. The constitutional amendment prohibiting passes, passed two years ago, was ordered to third reading. Bills have been introduced for an appropriation of \$120,000 for the Wisconsin State Firemen's association; permanent fire stations to be built where other business is now conducted; to prohibit the giving of free lunches in saloons; amending the Osmoargine laws to prohibit the collecting or acceptance of orders for wine.

Want Fort Assiniboine Used.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 1.—A Harre (Mont.) special to the Dispatch says strong efforts are being made throughout northern Montana to secure the designation of Fort Assiniboine as a cavalry rendezvous for the assembling, equipping and drilling of new regiments of that branch of the service. Fort Assiniboine has been nearly deserted for about two years. It will furnish accommodations for 1,000 troops and their horses.

CELESTIAL ECHOES.

The Chinese language has 40,000 sin-pie words and only 450 roots. Chinese historians trace the beginning of a postal service in their country back to the third century B.C.

Foot-binding in China is in obedience to custom merely and not to law. The same may be said about wearing the queue.

The French telegraph department proposes to institute a series of experiments with wireless telegraphy for subterranean communication.

James—"We seem to have missed the usual fogs this year." Smith—"Well, ain't fogs usually mist?"—Ally Sloper.

How "Twas Done.—Old Gentleman—"Here, sir, how is it I catch you kissing my daughter?" The latter—"By sneaking in on us, sir."—Philadelphia Press.

Friend—"So your very first patient was a prominent man?" Doctor—"Well, rather. It was the largest funeral the town ever saw."—Town Topics.

"The idea of erecting a monument over your pet dog!" exclaimed Mr. Graybeard; "I'll warrant you wouldn't do as much for me." "Indeed," replied his young wife, "I'd be glad to."—Philadelphia Record.

His Opportunity.—Miss Atkins—"Do you know, sometimes it seems to me that the prettiest girls marry the homeliest men?" Mr. Wilkins (promptly)—"Am I homely enough for you, Miss Atkins?"—Somerville Journal.

"Mamma will be down as soon as she puts on her new tea gown." "Oh, tell her she needn't take that trouble." "It ain't any trouble. She said it would do her good to show an old frump like you what good clothes really are."—Indianapolis News.

Willie—"Pa, you're the head of the house, is that so?" "Pa—"Is it the same?" Willie—"And, pa, Uncle Harry says I'm a chip off the old block. What's the old block?" "Pa—"I suppose that's me." Willie—"Well, then, pa, you're an old block-head, ain't you?"—Philadelphia Press.

A Disarming Woman.—"Oh, yes," said young Mr. Blackstone, "I have been admitted to the bar, but I am not practicing regularly at it." "Indeed!" murmured Miss Gooch. "I thought you practiced very often." And the young man wished he had not placed so much reliance in those clothes.—Baltimore American.

BUFFALO AND THE BEES.

A Special Structure for the Honey Makers at the Pan-American Exposition.

The busy bee will be in big business at the Pan-American exposition the coming summer. It has been decided to construct a special building for the proper display of the working colonies of bees and the great variety of bee keepers' supplies which will constitute this exhibit. This will undoubtedly be the most extensive bee exhibit ever prepared in this or any other part of the world. Anyone who is not a student of bee culture little realizes the very great importance of this industry. It is estimated that there are 200,000 persons engaged in bee culture in the United States alone and that the present annual value of honey and wax is in excess of \$20,000,000. There are 110 societies devoted to the study and promotion of bee keeping. Eight journals are sustained by this industry. Fifteen steam power factories are producing supplies of various kinds for the use of bee keepers. American honey finds a market in many distant countries, the United States producing more honey than any other nation.

The bee exhibits at the Pan-American exposition will be so arranged that the bees may enter their hives from the exterior of the building and carry on their work of honey collection undisturbed by visitors, yet in full view through the glass sides of their hives. The successful management of an apiary requires a knowledge of botany as well as the habits and requirements of the bees themselves. The little honey bee plays a very important part in the general economy. The failure of fruit crops may be due to the absence of bees whose special function is to fertilize the blossoms by carrying the pollen from stamens to pistil.

It is estimated that the flora of the United States could sustain ten times as many bees as are now in existence and nearly every farm could support an apiary of profitable size. The bee exhibit will illustrate the operation of an apiary and will show the common honey producing flora in a way to be understood by all who may be interested. The relation of bees to horticulture and agriculture will be clearly shown and the many uses of honey illustrated. Honey is extensively used in the manufacture of baked stuffs and in making medicines and candles. Bees' wax is a commercial article much used by dentists and manufacturers of wax goods.

The actual demonstration of bee keepers' supplies of latest pattern will show what economies may be practiced by bee keepers to increase their profits. The movable frame hive was invented in 1815 by Langstroth, and since that time the application of labor-saving, honey-saving and bee-saving devices have been very interesting and important. Experiments in crossing varieties of bees have been carried on with surprising success. New York, Pennsylvania, Vermont and other New England states are large producers of comb honey. Any locality in which white clover, basswood and buckwheat are plentiful is adapted to the successful culture of the bees. In California and Arizona the keeping of bees ranks as one of the most important industries, and from those states are annually shipped vast quantities of liquid honey.

Caatid.

"Did you do nothing to resuscitate the body?" was recently asked of a witness at a coroner's inquest.

"Yes, sir, we searched the pockets," was the reply.—Sacred Heart Review.

An Economical Wife.

Husband—"Don't you think it was very extravagant of you to buy all those things?" Wife—"But I didn't buy them; I had them charged."—Philadelphia Record.

There is more Calfish in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and it was constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Calfish to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Calfish Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, etc.

Fired. Judge—"Now, my boy, you are on your oath. Do you understand what that means?" Witness—"Why—er—I don't just—er—know."

"Do you know what you are expected to tell?" "Oh, yes; the lawyer that hired me wrote it all down so that I could learn it by heart."—Philadelphia Press.

There is a Class of People Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach requires it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit, 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

His Most Useful Book. First Passenger—What book has helped you most in life? Second Passenger—The city directory. The city directory? "Yes; I'm a bill collector."—Sydney Herald.

Progress in Medicine. Medical science grows apace with civilization and among the leading remedies, one that combines all the results of scientific study up to the present time and is put in convenient and economical form, easy to take, easy to carry, is the famous Cascara. Five years ago marked the time of the sale of the first box. Last year the sale reached the enormous total of over six million boxes. In this bustling, every day, busy life of ours people need just this kind of a medicine to stimulate their bowels and keep them regular. Cascara acts on the liver just enough to help nature without causing that awful sick, weakening feeling that usually follows the taking of Calomel and violent purges. Readers who have never tested the merits of Cascara should give them a good trial.

In this workaday world few women are so placed that physical exertion is not constantly demanded of them in their daily life.

Mrs. Pinkham makes a special appeal to mothers of large families whose work is never done, and many of whom suffer, and suffer for lack of intelligent aid.

To women, young or old, rich or poor, Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., extends her invitation of free advice. Oh, women! do not let your lives be sacrificed when a word from Mrs. Pinkham, at the first approach of



Mrs. Carrie Belleville.

weakness, may fill your future years with healthy joy.

"When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was not able to do my housework. I suffered terribly at time of menstruation. Several doctors told me they could do nothing for me. Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine I am now well, and can do the work for eight in the family."

"I would recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all mothers with large families."—Mrs. Carrie Belleville, Ludington, Mich.

Wind puffs up empty bladders; opinion, fools.—Socrates.

Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies

And Rest for Tired Mothers



In a Warm Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors, rashes, irritations, and chafings, with loss of hair, of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies fail.

Millions of Mothers Use Cuticura Soap

Assisted by CUTICURA Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itches, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crabs, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for scrofula, whitehead, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths, cleansing, brushing, and anointing, and for excoriations, for two free or official prescriptions in the form of washes for the face, neck, and throat, for many sanitary and domestic purposes which really suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, soap, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP contains delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, soap, and hair, and then for the further purpose of cleansing the face, neck, and throat, for many sanitary and domestic purposes which really suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, soap, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP contains delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. 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THE NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING CO.

VANDERCOOK-COOK CONTEST.

"Gil" Vandercook, it appears, has lost in the contest for the seat in the assembly. "It is the case as far as the report of the committee on privileges and elections is concerned, which has heard the Vandercook-Cook contest from the first assembly district in Marathon county. The committee made its report to the assembly last week in favor of Cook and were unanimous in making the same. Cook is not so sure of the seat after all. The report was made a special order of business for yesterday, but up to the present writing it is impossible to learn the outcome. Many of the members disagree with the findings and the majority may vote to seat Vandercook.

The report of the committee in dealing with the subject of the irregularities at the election, says:

"Your committee was met at the outset with charges of irregularity on the part of one of the interested parties, and that of improper conduct on the part of the other. The facts and the evidence bearing upon these charges upon either side have been carefully considered by your committee, and while there may have been irregularities and conduct on the part of either that might be subject to some criticism, your committee has not been able to find any irregularities or misconduct on the part of either of the parties that has affected the result of the election that they feel warranted in charging or interfering with the result as declared upon canvass of the votes in such assembly district."

In regard to the vote in the town of Brighton, the report says:

"Your committee have not been able to conclude from the evidence that the ballots cast in the town of Brighton and preserved were tampered with, but they do find that they were left in such an insecure place that their value as evidence has been largely destroyed. Especially is this so in view of the fact that the testimony of several witnesses seems to indicate that certain ballots have been changed since the night of election when they were counted by the board of inspectors."

The committee declared that there was no ground for the counting of the tickets marked only for Wm. McKinley for the entire republican ticket. It is also held that the challenged voters in the village of Edgar had a right to vote. No decision is made in regard to the votes which Mr. Cook claimed were illegal or in regard to the five prohibition votes which were also marked for the democratic ticket, for the reason that no count of these votes is necessary for the seating of Mr. Cook, says the Wausau Herald.

In conclusion, the committee says: "Your committee therefore finds that Alfred C. Cook received a majority of the votes cast at the last general election for the office of assemblyman in the first assembly district of Marathon county, Wisconsin, and that he was duly elected to such office. Your committee would therefore respectfully recommend that the claims of Gilbert E. Vandercook for a seat in the honorable body as member of assembly from the first assembly district of Marathon county be denied and that the right of Alfred C. Cook to hold said office and retain his seat in the honorable body be confirmed."

THE SALARIES OF JUDGES.

Senator Kreutzer of Marathon county, has introduced a bill in the legislature providing for an increase in the salaries of Supreme court judges from \$5,000 to \$7,000 and of Circuit court judges from \$3,000 to \$5,000. We believe the measure of Mr. Kreutzer's framing is one of good intent, but in the name of justice, we would inquire, why has he left out the County Judge with his insignificant little salary of \$400 a year. No great amount of argument is necessary to prove that the salaries of these judges are not sufficient in lieu of the services rendered, but the same can be said of the County judges, as well as of the Supreme and Circuit judges. The County Judge is expected to be a man of as high standing in his district as the other magistrates are in their judicial circuits, and the question of adequate compensation applies to him as well as the other judges. The office of county judges should have the attention of a man of more than ordinary legal ability. Such a man to accept of the office must necessarily make something of a financial sacrifice. The writer believes in paying adequate salaries for duties performed and is of the

opinion that Mr. Kreutzer's bill is in the right direction, as far as it goes, but it doesn't go far enough. Put the salary of the County Judge back to \$800, where it was a few years ago. This is merely a suggestion for an amendment. What say you, Senator?

Edgar T. Wheelock has leased the Wausau Record to E. A. Dunn, Claude W. Semmes and A. Lester Dodge, who entered into their new duties last Friday. Mr. Dunn has been city editor on the Record during the past five years. Mr. Wheelock in bidding adieu to the patrons of the paper, says: "While not actively interested in the publication, I have no doubt the 'boys' will not turn their backs entirely on the 'old man,' and it is my intention to do all in my power to aid them in making their venture a success." If the "boys" have the good horse sense we believe they have, they will not turn their backs on the "old man," whose many friends will eagerly peruse the columns of The Record in hopes of finding a spicy editorial from the pen of the veteran editor.

Sir Thomas Lipton sends word to his American friends that he will come over the briny during the coming summer to test the speed of his new racing ship against the America's cup defender, the good old Columbia, which left Sir Thomas' Shamrock in the rear a year ago last summer. If the coveted prize is to be taken from our country, there is no one on earth the American people would rather see win the honors than Sir Thomas Lipton, who has by his gentlemanly bearing and honorable methods won his way into the hearts of all American sportsmen. We have our doubts if he can ever devise a vessel that will take the prize now held on this side of the Atlantic.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature to make the office of county sheriff a fee office. It hardly seems probable that the members of the legislature will make such an unpardonable blunder in view of the fact that we have had the costly experiment of trying that method. Under it, in some counties, sheriffs became independently rich in one term, while no sheriff in the state was obliged to make anything resembling a financial sacrifice to hold the office. There is one change that should be made, however, and that is to permit of sheriffs holding more than one term, providing it is the wish of the constituency.

Members of the Wisconsin Valley Advancement association, awaken! It is time we were aroused from our slumber. The good thus far accomplished has been too great to permit of the organization dropping out of existence. Every director should feel it his duty to be present at the February meeting to be held at Merrill.

The State Journal strikes the nail on the head when it says: It would be gratifying to see some large plan put before the legislature of raising standards of the cross-road schools.

No matter how our solons may carve the state, they cannot prevent a free and independent people having the right to vote for a congressman.

What has become of the scheme to create a new county and make Tremahawk the county seat? Will our neighbors kindly inform us?

What has happened to the press agent of Teddy? For more than a week there have been no accounts of hairbreadth escapes.

One effect of a primary election law would be to discourage the business of the man who thinks himself better than his party.

When a man is emphatic in desiring a change, there is always room for suspicion that he expects to get something.

It is a curious fact that a woman seldom does anything extraordinary unless there is a man around.

One thing that can be said for Gov. La Follette is that he is not afraid to denounce his intentions.

People who expected a short session of the legislature might as well prepare to guess again.

People who can criticize without malice are good enough to eat without food.

Those who count the cost seldom do anything worthy of note.

News from Neighboring Towns.

Arbor Vitae.

ARBOR VITAE, Wis., Feb. 5th.—So the Hazelhurst scribbles have awakened and taken umbrage at the manner in which we spoke of his "stuff." Now my dear man, the word is nothing to cause offense, because it is very commonly used in a printing office. We also beg leave to inform you that we too tell the truth—occasionally. There are times, you know, when the truth is not pleasing to the ears; we cite your case for an instance. Moreover we neither know nor care whether you live up to what you tell us about so interestingly. Neither do we intend taking a vacation to ascertain And if you please, as we are only a poor unostentatious female, we would be glad if you would refrain from calling us brother, at the same time assuring you that we'll be pleased to be a sister to you. Speaking of ideals, we've been trying to find an ideal for years; why not come over here, and perhaps we may establish an affinity. Who knows.

Well, Minocqua now has five cases of small pox. Leda Flambeau also has a couple of cases. Minocqua people still reiterate "It's not small pox, but Cuban itch." Several have been quarantined, however, and it's to be hoped all who have foolishly exposed themselves will be placed where it will be impossible to convey the disease to others. A young woman in whose family there are two cases of the disease, and who had been visiting at home frequently, was at the dance Friday evening in Minocqua.

A sick man was taken down from Johnson Junction on the train Monday, and the conductor thinking his looks suspicious, stopped the car at Merrill and had a doctor examine him. The physician pronounced it small pox, and quarantined the sick man as well as "the dozen inmates of the car."

Orville LaBrie, Jno. Peterson, Jno. Christensen, Fred Bergeron, Mirza-ant Eagan, and Mollie Murray attended the dance at Minocqua Friday evening, and Arbor Vitae authorities are seriously thinking of quarantining the bunch.

Mr. and Mrs. Hessler, Mrs. Gorman, Mrs. Madden, Miss Harrington, Mr. Manning and Mr. and Mrs. Under made a sketch land who came over Sunday afternoon, spending a few hours with Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mosher.

Jim Stelle always had quite a swagger, but it was nothing to the gall he has now and his all on account of a boy who arrived at his home Sunday morning. Thanks; don't care if I do.

Ernest Melklejohn, a popular young man of Rhinelander, was in town this week in a colorful jacket. He was inspecting the Brown Bros. lumber camps in this vicinity.

Fred Thompson says the days are horribly long, and the nights are perfect nightmares, and we suppose they will continue so till after the 20th of this month.

Harold Scott St. Clair, who had been visiting here with friends, departed Sunday for his home in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Bissell and Miss Susie Hammond attended a dancing party in Merrill last Thursday evening.

Henry Krueger, buying lumber for a New York concern, with an office in Rhinelander, has been here this week.

Miss Mayroose Fank will leave the latter part of this week for Wausau on a visit to Miss Marie Maehlen.

Harry Merriman, representing a drug house in Milwaukee, transacted business here last Saturday.

W. H. Bissell went to Parrish Wednesday on business connected with the Ross Lumber Co.

Will Barber, sheriff of La Crosse, was a visitor here Friday, a guest of A. E. Mosher.

Dr. McIndoe, of Rhinelander, was here a few hours on Friday.

Monroe, Wis., Feb. 5th.—C. M. Beattie and James Rock are making Watermeet their headquarters now.

Miss Laumalle, of Ironwood, who has been visiting her sister, Miss Clara Laumalle, returned home Saturday.

Harry Jennings left on No. 4 Saturday night to spend Sunday with his folks at Antigo.

Miss Ada Haas, of Rhinelander, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. J. Landreth.

Mrs. Wm. Alby is confined to her home with a serious attack of la grippe.

Mrs. B. F. Johnson spent Sunday with her parents in Rhinelander.

Miss Emma Martin went to Eagle River for a few days' visit.

Chas. Longwood made a brief visit to Three Lakes Friday.

Will Moor, of Milwaukee, was a Minocqua caller Sunday.

E. E. Greene called on Rhinelander friends Saturday.

Woodbury, Wis., Feb. 5th.—Peter Enos's whistles were attached and was to be sold at auction Feb. 4th, but they adjourned the sale till the 14th.

A. W. Shelton, of Rhinelander, was a business caller Tuesday, returning home the same day.

C. Peterson, the section foreman, has moved his family to Ashland to take a section.

E. J. Coon, who spent the winter at Green Bay and Cleghu, returned Monday.

J. Redmond, the contractor, made a flying trip to Wausau on business Friday.

C. F. Gardiner was a Woodbury caller Saturday, en route home to Rhinelander.

F. S. Garland, the noted logger, was in town Saturday on business.

Review, our marshal, was a caller at Rhinelander Thursday.

W. W. O'Keefe, of Ashland, was a caller Friday on business.

Three houses quarantined in Minocqua.

Hazelhurst, Wis., Feb. 5th.—Mrs. P. C. Sullivan died Wednesday at three o'clock. She had been in ill health for some time and the family, consisting of herself and husband had recently moved here from Milwaukee in hopes she would be benefited. The body was taken to Tomah, Mr. Sullivan's old home, for burial.

Mrs. Sullivan was about twenty-eight years old and leaves a young husband to mourn her early departure from this life.

Peter Anderson, while working in the yard here sustained an injury of the spine by jumping from a lumber pile twenty-four feet high. He jumped to escape a blow from a moving timber. The injured man was taken to the hospital at Wausau, and it is hoped he may fully recover. But his injuries are very severe.

The person who thinks to command the recognition of another by being too ready to resent some injury, real or imagined, forget that instead of persuading that other to look up to him, he lowers himself to the level of the one he tries to humiliate and there is no occasion for "looking up."

The dreaded small pox is quite a near neighbor. It is well enough to be lax when such an enemy is at large.

Quite a number here are nursing mumps, tonsillitis, pink eye or some of the other ills to which flesh is heir.

Chas. Schorr, the child engineer, moved his family here from Wausau last week.

Mr. Langdon and family moved to Merrill last week.

Mr. Stipes was in Wausau part of last week.

Woodbury, Wis., Feb. 6.—John VanHecke, one of Merrill's leading attorneys and Wm. Averill, woodman for A. H. Stange Co. made our village a short call Saturday. Mr. VanHecke was paying taxes on land owned by A. H. Stange Co.

Arthur Bogie and five children were all sick this week. Mr. Bogie had quite a serious time with his old ailment but is fully recovered now. Grace, John, Jimmie, Leo and Burleigh had the measles but are all well again. Dr. Daniels attended them.

M. Sullivan and Miss Jennie Barnes drove over from Rhinelander Saturday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Sullivan.

A. O. Jenne returned from Rhinelander Tuesday. He has almost fully recovered from his severe attack of la grippe.

W. Sheslie, traveling salesman for Doud Knife Works of Edisto, Wis., made our village a pleasant call Saturday.

Little Genevieve and Reginald Thompson are able to be out again after having the measles.

Master Joe Krumpus out of school on account of the mumps.

A. O. Jenne spent Saturday in Tomahawk.

F. McKay is the latest victim of la grippe.

EDUCATIONAL TOPICS

By Miss Myra Germond, County Supt. of Schools.

The spring examination for teachers' certificates will be held the first week in April.

On April 1 and 2 examination for third grade certificates will be held at Minocqua, April 3 and 4 for third grade at Rhinelander. Examination in additional studies for second and first grade certificates, will be held at Rhinelander, April 5 and 6.

In an ungraded school, where there are so many classes, only a comparatively short time can be spent with the little ones, and many teachers seem to be at a loss to know how to keep these primaries profitably busy while the other classes are reciting. Yet we should bear in mind, that when the little child enters school for the first time, his little senses all alert, it is important that we should see that the inner senses he receives shall be such as shall give him a love and not a dislike for the school-room.

There are many devices for busy work, that may be prepared by the teacher, which will insure pleasant days for these little people. There should be found on every teacher's desk a box of drawing cards, script and print alphabet cards, primary sentence cards, and a box of toy money, also many pictures cut from papers and magazines.

Encourage pupils to bring to the school, flowers, leaves, fruits, seeds, etc. I think the children should especially be encouraged to gather and to learn the names of all the leaves found in the locality, and place them on paper and draw them. The word cards are of great value. The pupils may be drilled to form complete sentences from them, using words that the teacher has written on the board or some words he had in his lessons, giving the pupils interesting pictures, to write a story about, is a good idea. It teaches them to express their thoughts.

They are also greatly interested in toy money. Hand the money to them, and give some simple problems. They

MASQUERADE

NEW GRAND
OPERA
HOUSE
Monday,
Feb. 18, 1901

For the benefit of the new
LIEDERKRANZ BAND,
which was newly organized
Thursday night, Jan. 31.
PATRONIZE this dance and help
along a worthy project. A band
is a necessity in any city and Rhinelander certainly needs one.

SIX PRIZES WILL BE GIVEN TO MASKERS,
AMOUNTING TO \$30.00.

1. A Rocking Chair to the best lady costume.
2. An Arm Chair to best gent's costume.
3. A Center Table to most comic lady costume.
4. A Silk Umbrella to most comic gent's costume.
5. \$2.50 will be given to best cake walkers.
6. \$1.50 to second best cake walkers.

FREDRICKSON'S FULL ORCHESTRA
WILL FURNISH THE MUSIC.

MASKED LADIES AND LADY SPECTATORS, 25 CTS. TICKETS, \$1 PER COUPLE.

are the merchants and carry on trade among themselves, with this money.

A quart of common shoe pegs may be bought for a few cents, and these may be used in many ways; for example: Give a handful to each of the children and let him place them so as to form the Roman numerals. Then give each child cards on which are printed the figures 1, 2, 3, 4, etc., and require him to place each of these in its proper place beside the numeral. Copy the entire work on slates.

Let the children place pegs to imitate familiar objects, as tables and chairs. Color some of the pegs and so teach the names of the colors at the same time. Give the child a page from an old book or newspaper, and tell him to make a pin hole through a certain word or letter, every time he can find it.

SUNDAY AT CHURCHES

Topics of Discourses.

Following is the program of the services to be held at the First Baptist church next Sunday, conducted by the pastor, Rev. F. Arthur Hayward: 10:30 a. m. Preaching service, subject: "A Crucifix of Today." 12 m. Sunday school. 3 p. m. Junior B. Y. P. U. 6:20 p. m. Senior. 7:30 p. m. preaching service, subject: "A Home With a Devil in It." This is the second of the series of "Homes I Have Seen." The remaining two are: Feb. 17, "A Home With a Rape on the Door," and Feb. 24, "An Empty Home." The subject of Homes always interesting, as the crowd of last Sunday night showed. Come next Sunday. Don't miss one of this series. Special music on the Home sung at every service. Fine choir and cornetist, also popular song service. Service begins promptly at 7:30 p. m.

Lincoln anniversary service. Rev. A. G. Wilson will deliver an address to the memory of Abraham Lincoln next Sunday evening at the Congregational church. Patriotic music will be a feature. Members of the G. A. R. and Woman's Relief Corps are especially invited to be present. A general invitation is extended to attend the service.

The Ven. A. Geo. E. Jenner, Archdeacon of Ashland, will conduct services and preach at St. Augustine's Episcopal church, Friday evening, Feb. 8, at 7:45. All members of the church and congregation are especially requested to be present.

Mrs. Charlotte Cole Stewart of Lake Nebegamon, Wis., was called home Tuesday owing to the serious illness of her sister, Mrs. A. LaFres.

The fire ladders were called to the residence of Thos. Coffey Tuesday night early hour. A sofa was found to be on fire, having started. It is supposed from a cigar stub. The damage was slight.

Innes Bros., the plumbers and steam fitters, received official notice from the Department of the Interior yesterday stating that the contract for the steam heating plant at the Lac du Flambeau Indian reservation was awarded to Neil & Co., 1116 Winter street, West Superior, Wis., for the sum of \$5,675.00. The figure was but \$25.00 lower than that of Innes Bros., who naturally feel chagrined over not receiving the contract. The contract calls for a heating plant for the reservation to be completed by July 1, 1901.

Store for Rent.
Dry goods store on north side, shelving counters, fixtures and everything in shape to put in stock of dry goods, millinery or some kindred line. Will rent the store for \$10.00 per month to desirable party. Store in on Mason street, Solberg's old stand.
35-167-21.
J. N. WHITE.

According to Rule

and true to fashions latest decree, this is how our

MADE-TO-ORDER CLOTHING

is built.

The cutting and making is done by skillful tailors and the workmanship is of the highest order.

We are showing a fine line of Winter Suits and Overcoats.

ZANDER, THE TAILOR.

Change of Corporate Name.
Notice is hereby given that on the first day of February, 1901, at a meeting of the stockholders the name of "Robbins Johnson Lumber Company" was duly changed to "Johnson Lumber Company."
Dated Feb. 2nd, 1901.
F. S. JOHNSON, Pres.
F. H. JOHNSON, Sec.

Change of Corporate Name.
Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of January, 1901, at a regular meeting of the stockholders the name of "Robbins Johnson Lumber Company" was duly changed to "Johnson Lumber Company."
Dated January 25th, 1901.
F. S. JOHNSON, Pres.
F. H. JOHNSON, Sec.

Change of Corporate Name.
Notice is hereby given that on the first day of February, 1901 at a meeting of the stockholders the name of "The Brown Robbins Lumber Company" was duly changed to "Robbins Lumber Company."
Dated Feb. 1, 1901.
F. H. JOHNSON, Pres. & Sec.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.
Wausau, Wis., Jan. 31, 1901.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Lands in the original and second sections of the act of August 4, 1892, Mrs. Louise Thompson, of Rhinelander, county of Oneida, state of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 147, for the purchase of the SE 1/4, NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 13 and NW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 23 N., Range No. 10 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Monday, the 22nd day of April, 1901.
He names as witnesses: W. E. Thompson, Mike Ryan, George Buehl and Louis Thompson, all of Rhinelander, Wis.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 22nd day of April, 1901.
EDGAR T. WARELOCK, Register.

Notice.
In the MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF ONEIDA COUNTY TO VACATE THE PLAT OF THE VILLAGE OF Wausau, Wisconsin.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to a resolution passed by the county board of supervisors of Oneida county, application will be made to the circuit court of said county, at the next term thereof, to vacate the original plat of the village of Pennington, in said county.
Dated at Rhinelander, Wis., January 28th, 1901.
T. W. WATSON, District Atty.

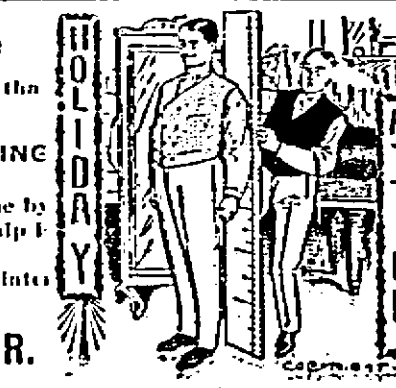
Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.
Wausau, Wis., Jan. 28, 1901.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Lands in the original and second sections of the act of August 4, 1892, Mark H. Bell, of Wausau, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 145, for the purchase of the NW 1/4 of Section No. 1, in Township No. 23 N., Range No. 10 E., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Wausau, Wis., on Monday, the 2nd day of April, 1901.
He names as witnesses: Angus McDonald, L. K. Wright, Frank Sennott and Orvid Belanger, all of Wausau, Wis.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of April, 1901.
EDGAR T. WARELOCK, Register.

GEM BARBER SHOP

H. L. JEWETT, Prop.

I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Davenport Street, next to First National Bank.



BITS OF LOCAL GOSSIP

City and County Happenings.

Beers & Co. lead them all.

Miss Orma Chatterton is one of the latest grip victims and is confined to her home.

Sigler's orchestra furnished the music for a dance at Minocqua last Friday night.

"What Did Tomkins Do?" Go to the Grand on Monday evening, Feb. 15 and find out.

Wm. Hardell will open up his store in the Johnson building, near the Mc Cord school, Monday.

Woodman dance at the New Grand opera house next Thursday evening. A good time is in store for those who attend.

"What Did Tomkins Do?" Is a laughable farce comedy billed to appear at the Grand on Monday evening, Feb. 15.

Basket ball game at the Armory hall this evening Rhinelander vs. Wausau. The game will be called promptly at 8 o'clock.

The Rhinelander Liederkreis will give their regular semi-monthly dance at their hall on Brown street tonight. Visitors are invited to be present.

Some legislatures are taking steps to force people to get married whether they want to or not, while others are trying to prevent marriage. What fools these legislators be.

Agent Brueger reports the local business of the Northwestern road is booming these days. "Empties" are almost at a premium and nearly a trainload of poles, pulp wood and lumber is leaving here daily.

Rev. Wilson, wife and daughter Edna arrived here last Saturday from Janesville. Their household goods have arrived and they are busily engaged getting ready to enjoy life in the Kelley residence in the Sixth ward.

Bridges, rivers, tunnels, mountains, build cities, gathers up the scattered rays of one's ability. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. J. J. REARDON.

Mr. and Mrs. Sol. Johnson are rejoicing over the arrival of a seven pound girl which made its appearance at their home on Wednesday of last week. Mother and child are doing nicely and there is no question but that Sol. will pull through.

The members of Lake Camp No. 1749, M. W. of A. will give a dance at the New Grand opera house next Thursday night. A royal good time is assured all who attend. Music will be furnished by Fredrickson's orchestra.

The members of the L. O. T. M. have made arrangements to present "A Little More Courage" at the Grand opera house next month. Some good dramatic talent has been secured and the presentation of this old but popular production promises to be one well worth attending.

A regular meeting of the Board of Education was held at the city clerk's office last Monday evening. John Greenwood was engaged as janitor of the high school building to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Wilcox. His salary was fixed at \$50 per month. This was the only business transacted aside from the allowance of the usual batch of bills.

Roosters often crow over eggs they did not lay. Same with people who sell an imitation of Rocky Mountain Tea, made famous by the Madison Medicine Co.'s advertising. J. J. REARDON.

The new Catholic church is nearing completion. It is indeed a handsome structure and a credit to the city, as well as to the pastor and congregation. It will soon be ready for the holding of services, but when services will be held therein is a matter of some doubt. Rev. Schmitz declares that no services will be held in the new edifice till the subscriptions are all paid in.

Take Rocky Mountain Tea. See it exterminate poison. Fortify and bring back that happy, joyous feeling of boyhood days. J. J. REARDON.

Wm. Knapp, of Hayward, Wis., a brother of H. E. Knapp, of this city, was a passenger on the train wrecked on the "Sox" road last Saturday. The gentleman was on his way to Brooks, Mich. Mr. Knapp was injured quite severely. He received a scalp wound and one of his arms was also hurt. He will be laid up for several weeks.

W. H. Bradley and W. G. Collins, who are projectors of the Marquette, Tomahawk & Western R. R., have completed a section of the road from Tomahawk to Bloomville. A new dip-labelling constructed, a store building, and a hotel. The road as far as completed, runs through a fine hardwood and hemlock belt which will afford material for freight for years. The same is true of the territory eastward from Bloomville, through Lincoln, Langlade, Shawano, Oconto and Marquette counties.

Hon. S. H. Alban, of Rhinelander, has been appointed as receiver of a large quantity of timber and lumber involved in the suit of Davidson vs. Godkin pending in Vilas county. The appointment of Mr. Alban was made at Wausau at a special term of court on Friday of last week by Judge Silvestro, and was upon the request of Mr. Godkin's attorneys, Ryan, Hurley & Jones of this city, who have the most implicit faith in Mr. Alban's business ability and integrity. Central, Wausau.

Mrs. Pat. Walsh, after several years of suffering with cancer, passed away last Monday afternoon about four o'clock. Death occurred at the Curran farm south-west of the city, the family having moved there about three weeks ago. The deceased leaves a husband and eight children, seven girls and a boy, to mourn the loss of wife and mother. The funeral services were held this morning at 10 o'clock at the Catholic church, Rev. Schmitz officiating in the presence of a large number of sorrowing relatives and friends. Interment was in the Catholic cemetery. The relatives have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

The third attraction in the entertainment course is the appearance of Prof. Henry P. VanLiew, who will deliver a lecture at the Congregational church on Tuesday evening, Feb. 15. The lecture will be illustrated with stereopticon views. He takes for his subject: "Cuba and the War." "Our Navy and Coast Defense." "Footprints Traced Among the Shadows." and "Slums of New York by Flashlight." Prof. VanLiew comes highly recommended by the press and public. This will be an entertainment our people can ill afford to miss. It makes a strong combination of entertainment and will prove very instructive. The views are said to be magnificent and the stereopticon one of unusual power.

Peter Jackson, a brother of Mrs. Chas. Bellie, died last Saturday in Chicago of quick consumption. The deceased had been a resident of this city for about nine months prior to about three weeks ago, when he went to Chicago to enter the Cook County hospital to receive medical treatment. Jackson was an unmarried man, thirty-six years of age. Prior to coming here he was a resident of Saginaw, Mich., where his parents reside. Interment was made in Chicago, where a sister resides, the last rites having been said Monday. Jackson was a prize fighter of considerable note, and at one time was considered the champion light-weight of the north-west. While here he tried several times to arrange a match with "Spike" Fitzgerald.

Persons sending communications to The New North for publication are requested to sign their names to the same. In most cases such communications without the signature of the writer are consigned to the waste-paper basket. One was received Monday to which the writer neglected to append her signature. Our first thought was to do with this as we would under ordinary circumstances, but after reading the communication carefully, we found enough good in it to warrant its publication. This we will not agree to do again and must know the names of the writers, not for publication, but simply as a guarantee of good faith. The communication above referred to suggests the organization of a Humane society and the writer points out several good reasons for the existence of such an organization in Rhinelander. It will be found elsewhere in the columns of The New North. Read it.

SOME COME; OTHERS GO

News of a Personal Nature.

W. F. Goodell was down from his Hazelhurst camp last Monday on business.

Mrs. Eli Beaudin and children, of Jeffris, are in the city, the guests of friends.

D. J. Murray and son Dan, of Wausau, were visitors in the city the first of the week.

Dr. T. R. Welch left Tuesday for Ashland, to be gone a couple of days on business.

Miss Ethel Holland was forced to give up her school work Tuesday, owing to illness.

Miss Mabel Keeble has been number one among the grip victims during the past week.

Jas. Donnelly, the Three Lakes merchant, was a business visitor here the latter part of last week.

John Godkin, of Bay City, Mich., arrived in the city Monday to look after business matters.

The Misses Brown left Monday for California, where they will spend the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. Kate McIndoe returned Monday, after enjoying a few days' visit with friends at Wausau.

Mrs. L. E. Bloom was a Monday visitor last Thursday. She was accompanied by Mrs. A. C. Olson.

J. G. Beckley, of Milwaukee, a cousin of Mrs. F. T. Coon's, was in the city last Saturday. He was here for the purpose of selling adamant.

B. G. Pemberton returned Monday from Hortonville, where he was called by the death of his grand father.

Johnston, the tailor, made a tour of the logging camps in the vicinity of Star Lake the latter part of last week, taking orders for clothing.

John Moen returned Tuesday, after enjoying a few days' visit at Amherst Junction, the guest of his family.

Ben Sweet went north Saturday, after remaining in the city a day or two, looking after business matters.

Mrs. E. C. Vessey, daughter Winifred and son Alton, returned Tuesday, after an extended visit at Stoughton, Wis.

J. H. Morgan left Tuesday for a trip to the towns north of here, in the interest of the Armour Packing company.

Chas. Shields, of Oshkosh, was in the city the first of the week in the interest of a cigar concern of that place.

Fred. Garland, of the Echo Lake Lumber company, of Mercer, was a business visitor in the city the first of the week.

Miss Maud Hunter, a member of the junior year class of the high school, is compelled to leave school owing to ill health.

Ernest Meiklejohn left on the limited Monday for Star Lake on business connected with the Brown Bros. Lumber company.

Mrs. J. W. Zipp, of Merrill, arrived in the city Sunday morning, remaining till today, the guest of her sister, Miss Elizabeth Baker.

Mrs. T. F. McDermott and daughters Esther and Alice are at Gladstone, Mich., this week, guests of Mrs. McDermott's sister.

Chas. Guyette returned last Thursday from Wausau, where he went to visit his wife. The trip down and back was made overland.

M. W. Lloyd was a visitor at Arbor Vitae the earlier part of the week in the interest of the Oshkosh Land, Log and Lumber company.

Mrs. F. T. Coon entertained Rev. Jetter, of Berlin, Tuesday, at tea. The reverend gentleman is pastor of the Episcopal church in that city.

Miss Lizzie Ashmun, teacher in the Woodhull schools, was an over Sunday visitor in this city, a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Thompson.

A. C. Danielson was a visitor at Hazelhurst the first of the week, taking orders for spring clothing. His trip was a successful one as most of them are.

Leonard Chace has been a visitor at Ladysmith during the past week. He went there to look over the place with a view of opening a bicycle repair shop in the spring.

John Woodcock, of Merrill, was a visitor in this city over Sunday. He was on his way home from Michigan. Mr. Woodcock is the owner of the electric light plant at Minocqua.

Miss Sadie Hamilton returned to Menomonie this week to resume her duties as teacher in the schools there. Her school was closed for two weeks, owing to sickness in the community.

C. R. Lee, wife and children returned last Friday morning from Berlin, Wis., where they had been for three months. Mr. Lee last fall purchased the Hyer residence property, which he and his family will occupy.

Milan Sattill, who is looking after the interests of the firm of Langley & Alderson in their camps around Star Lake, came down Saturday, remaining over Sunday with his many friends in this city.

J. F. Smith, mill foreman for the Flambeau Lumber company at Lac du Flambeau, was greeting his many friends in this city last Tuesday, all of whom were pleased to shake his hand.

A. H. Wright, of the Wright Lumber Co., of Merrill, who has spent two months in Washington and Oregon, has returned. Mr. Wright is pleased with the lumber prospects and thinks it has a great future before it.

L. E. Bloom last Thursday leased the boarding house on the north side, owned by the Brown Bros. Lumber company. He purchased Herman Hillstratter's furniture and fixtures which were in the building and will run a first-class hostelry.

CRUSO

You need winter goods now

and seldom is there a winter sale that makes them so cheap.

OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE

offers wonderful bargains in best winter merchandise.

Get in before the end—get a few of the good things anyhow.

Mrs. D. S. Johnson returned to Eagle River, Monday, after enjoying a few weeks' visit here with friends and relatives. She expects later to join her husband at Appleton, where he has accepted a position with a printing establishment.

Mrs. A. E. Hubber left Tuesday for Leona, having been called there by the serious illness of her daughter Grace, who has been teaching school there. Miss Grace will be brought home as soon as she is able to stand the journey.

Dr. S. R. Stone and T. C. Wood left Tuesday for Fond du Lac to attend the biennial convention of the Independent Order of Foresters. Mr. Wood goes as a delegate from the local lodge and the doctor as High Court Physician of the order.

John R. Binder, of Ashland, was in the city the latter part of last week. He made a tour of the lumber camps in this vicinity to dispose of jewelry. John has a good business in the lake town, but he likes to get down to Rhinelander occasionally to see his many friends.

City Fathers Gather Again.

A regular meeting of the common council was held Tuesday evening. Arrangements were made for providing a pest house in case of the appearance of contagious disease. Health Officer Homan recommended the building west of the dam, owned by Barnes & Chace. The property will be condemned in case of the appearance of small pox in the city. Mayor Brennan appointed P. A. Brown a member of the Board of Public Works in place of Geo. Beers. He also appointed John Boller a member of the board of school commissioners from the Fourth ward in place of G. H. Clark. The council passed a resolution authorizing the city clerk to turn over city maps to the different departments of the city schools. The salaries of the city officers were fixed the same as last year. A petition of citizens asking for the disallowance of the license of Peter Peterson, was granted. Peterson asked for the transfer of his license to the American House. The usual batch of bills were allowed.

Dunn & Wood to Move Stock.

The hardware firm of Dunn & Wood have leased the J. J. Reardon building at the corner of Brown and Davenport streets, formerly owned and occupied by C. M. & W. W. Fenslon, for a term of five years. They expect to move into their new quarters about the middle of March. The Clark & Leason building which Dunn & Wood now occupy, has been leased by E. C. Vessey, who will move his meat market into the same as soon as it is vacated. Mr. Reardon will make several improvements in his building, which will include a new hardwood floor. The partitions in the rear will be changed about.

August Flower.

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that in my travels in all parts of the world, for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I found for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where leadaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for our stomachs and indigestion." Sample bottle free at J. J. Reardon's, Drug Store. 2nd and 2nd St.

For Sale.

The desirable residence property of R. V. Day, on Quebec avenue, containing one lot and a half, commodious house, with modern improvements, good barn, etc., for sale cheap. Apply to LEVI J. BULLINGS, County Judge's office.

SCIENCE GOSSIP.

Huxley declared that "science is nothing but trained and organized common sense."

An Austrian suggestion, which the Viennese are said to favor, is to approach the north pole in submarine coats!

The London Lancet calls attention to the fact that canned tomatoes are now being extensively colored, in order to make them look attractive and as if made from ripe fruit.

Astronomers figure out that the diameter of the earth at the equator is 7,926 miles, so that our planet is not only flattened at the poles, but slightly squeezed in the middle.

E POLICE OFFICER RESCUED.

Miner A. C. Swanson of the Council of Bluffs Force Tells an Interesting Story.

to Council Bluffs, Ia., Feb. 4, 1901 (Special).

Black (fugitive)—Kind-hearted Officer Swanson, of the local police force, is very popular in this city. He has lived here or seventeen years, and has enjoyed many high offices in social and society work. He is now vice president of the \$3-5 Dannebrog Brotherhood, the largest Danish secret society in America, which combines benevolent with the social features. Owing to the constant exposure and many hours on his feet, which his duty as a Police Officer makes unavoidable, Mr. Swanson became the victim of serious kidney trouble.

Electric Russian. He was very bad, effected has entirely recovered. He gives the story in his own words as follows: "I have been a sufferer for many years with kidney and liver trouble, and have tried many remedies, some of which gave me temporary relief, which his duty as a Police Officer makes unavoidable, Mr. Swanson became the victim of serious kidney trouble."

Turkish. He was very bad, effected has entirely recovered. He gives the story in his own words as follows: "I have been a sufferer for many years with kidney and liver trouble, and have tried many remedies, some of which gave me temporary relief, which his duty as a Police Officer makes unavoidable, Mr. Swanson became the victim of serious kidney trouble."

ALL. Kef, and others which were absolutely worthless. I began to think that BOre was no help for me, when my

spew gave me a part of a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills which he had left, ying that it would do no harm to y them, as they had certainly fixed m all right. What he gave me sped me so much that I felt justified purchasing more, and I grew slowly etter. It took almost two months to effect a complete cure, as mine was very bad case, but I can cheerfully and truthfully say that I am a well an today, and I am very grateful hat Dodd's Kidney Pills were thus ough to my notice."

The wonderful cures effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills in Iowa, have

J. N. WHITE

I carry a complete line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Flour, Feed, Hay and Millstuffs, which I will sell at the lowest prices consistent with the quality of goods. I will carry the very best of everything in my line, and will give you value received in every instance.

J. N. WHITE,

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN.

Solberg's Old Stand, Mason St.

BIG JO FLOUR A SPECIALTY.

Fit out your kitchen with the new

DELT WARE

AT

Dunn & Wood's

It is the very best "what is" and will outwear anything in the kitchen, except the name plate on the stove.

CALL AND SEE IT.

Tea Kettles, Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Preserving Kettles, Stew Pans, Milk Pans, Frying Pans and Spiders, Pie Plates, Dippers, Oat Meal Cookers, And a lot more.

Price is little compared to the service rendered.

DUNN & WOOD

TAKING INVENTORY.

We are busy this week figuring up how much stock we've got, and find odds and ends in shelf goods, crockery, etc., that you can practically have at your own figure.

PICK UP THE BARGAINS.

We offer you articles that you want every day at prices you are willing to give. Odds and ends in all lines here that we want you to take off our hands.

COME IN.

LEWIS HDW. CO.,

Merchants State Bank Building, RHINELANDER, WIS.



ART IN THE HOUSEHOLD.

How to Make the Dining Room Bright and Cheerful and Hostful to the Eye.

All authorities agree that surroundings have much to do with digestion, and, as much of human happiness depends upon digestion, it is certainly our duty to bend our efforts toward making the dining-room as bright and pleasant as possible.

An east exposure is a very good one, as one gets the pretty morning sun, and none of the hot afternoon sun. We cannot always decide these things for ourselves, but we can usually do much in overcoming disadvantages by care in furnishing. If the dining-room is a dark room which the sun's rays cannot enter, it is not a difficult matter to make sunshine from the inside. We know that the shades of yellow bring suggestions of sunshine to our minds, so here we have our first idea. Let the walls be yellow, using several shades, but being careful to keep clear of the lemon or pumpkin shades. Have the woodwork a soft creamy white enamel. A green carpet looks well in a room like this, but great care must be exercised in combining these two colors. There are beautiful carpets and rugs in the rich shades of yellow running into the red in brown which have a dash of red in them. Such a carpet would be particularly effective in a yellow dining-room. Some of the ingrains have beautiful brown effects, which would be most pleasing as well as inexpensive.

The Flemish oak finish, mahogany or dark shades of oak are the best woods for furniture. If you are furnishing anew, do not select one of the heavy sideboards, unless you can afford a very handsome one. There are so many less clumsy little buffets and tables which make a far better appearance for less money. For pictures, avoid the print pictures which one sees in so many dining-rooms. Depend more upon fancy plates and odd dishes for wall decorations than upon pictures. The pictures you have should be those that rest the eye and



A CHEERFUL DINING-ROOM.

bring a quieting influence. The beer steins or mugs make very effective decorations for dining-rooms. They can be bought for a very moderate sum, for really good designs.

If you can manage it, always have a blossoming plant or a green fern for the table, as they add so much. There are a number of inexpensive little mossy-like ferns which will flourish under most unpromising conditions. Have your curtains clean, and even though they be of the most inexpensive of muslins they will add much to the room. The coarsest and commonest table linen can be kept clean and white, and care should always be taken to have everything put on the table carefully and not thrown down any way. Just now there is a preference for all white centerpieces, but this is a matter best decided by personal taste.—Rafford Review.

Old-Time Cabbage Salad.
A good old-fashioned cabbage salad is made of one head each of cabbage and celery. Chop fine, mix well together and sprinkle with a tablespoonful of salt. Into a double boiler put two tablespoonfuls of butter, and one teaspoonful of flour. Blend, then add a generous half cupful of cider vinegar, a tablespoonful of sugar, a teaspoonful of mustard, the beaten yolks of two eggs and lastly three tablespoonfuls of cream. Cook, stirring constantly until thick and smooth. Add a dash of cayenne, pour over the cabbage and stand away to get cool. Just before serving add a little whipped cream.

Vegetables with Roast Goose.
The vegetables to be served with roast goose are boiled or mashed potatoes, mashed yellow turnips or winter squash, apples stewed without sugar, or cranberry jam, boiled onions, pickles and dressed celery should be served fowl.

Division of Labor.
"There's nobody can say we don't live well," remarked Mr. Decker. "We nearly always have oatmeal and mackerel for breakfast."

"I know it," sighed his wife. "I eat the oatmeal and you eat the mackerel."—Chicago Tribune.

The Story Tellers.
"Doesn't it jar you when a woman tries to tell a funny story?"
"Not so much as when some man tries. A woman never attempts to use the Irish dialect when she doesn't know how."—Philadelphia Press.

DAINTY LITTLE GIFTS.

How to Make a Number of Pretty and Useful Trifles at Very Small Annual Expenses.

New ways of using crepe paper for decorative purposes are always suggesting themselves to the imaginative mind. One of the latest is a twine-holder made from a little doll dressed in the figured paper. It makes a very pretty and useful gift, and is at the same time inexpensive. A 25-cent doll, half a roll of crepe paper, a ball of twine and a couple of yards of ribbon are the only requirements.

Remove the legs from the doll and sew firmly to the end of the body a little silk bag just large enough to hold the twine ball loosely. Then dress the doll in a big, full skirt and two full capes. Fasten the capes at the neck with a long bow of ribbon. A jaunty little hat, made of tufted crepe paper and trimmed with ribbon bows, adds



DOLL TWINE HOLDER.

to the finishing touch. Sew the hat to the head and leave one long loop of ribbon by which to hang to the wall. Dolls dressed in the crimson crepe paper are very pretty, and look well with black ribbons. Larger dolls made with two twine bags, to hold strings of two sizes, are very useful. These always sell well at church fairs.

A pretty ribbon blotter for a ladies' writing table can be made by covering a piece of stiff cardboard the size that the blotter is intended to be with silk or some prettily colored linen. Then cut six sheets of blotting paper a fraction smaller than the pad and fasten them to it with broad bands of satin ribbon, embroidered in some dainty pattern. The ribbon should be firmly sewed down so that it will hold the blotters, but must not be drawn so tightly that soiled blotters cannot be removed and new replaced. A big bow of ribbon of any color may be tied on one side, which adds to the richness of this gift.

Frames are always welcome gifts, and they can be made in so many forms that they are almost sure to suit all tastes. A new and very pretty one is made of Japanese crash, and decorated with a design cut from a wall paper and applied. In all cases it is better when making a home-made frame to have the form cut by a regular framemaker. It only costs a few cents and is so much more satisfactory, as it is almost impossible to get the edges regular without the proper machines, and nothing could look worse than an uneven frame. Japanese crash costs about a dollar a yard, and one yard will cover a dozen frames of cabinet size. The large designs in the wall paper with a decided coloring are the most effective for applying. If the flowers and leaves are carefully cut out they can be so arranged as to form a very pretty spray, and, if well done, they will look just like a water color. Sometimes a wall paper is found rich enough to make the entire covering for a frame. These are usually improved by having the back washed in with a little water color. Blotters and scrap baskets made in the same way are equally effective. The frames, if intended for steady use, should all be bound and glassed. They will last indefinitely, and cannot be injured by dust.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A FEMININE WEAKNESS.

The Claims of Scores of American Women to Aristocracy Are Childish and Ridiculous.

Perhaps the fetish to which we women attach the most undue importance is social position, writes "An American Mother," in the Ladies' Home Journal. "We set out with the creed that we are all equal, and then spend much of our lives in struggling to force our way into some petty circle which is barred against us, or to bar our own against some of our neighbors. Nothing could be more ridiculous than the many foundations on which we Americans base our claims to aristocracy. The belief is almost universal that the possession of a certain enormous number of millions constitutes a caste which stands on the level of royalty. But short of these stupendous heaps of gold, money does not always command precedence here, especially in our small towns and villages. We are all of us ready with our gibe at the new rich as if our own blood had been pure as that of Dainis for a thousand years. Our claims to high caste are often based upon some mythical judge or baronet far in the dim past; or that we live in the most pretentious house in the village. I have known the possession of a Grecian portico to give social ascendancy to one family over a town full of neighbors, plebeian only in that they had no porches at all. So vague yet so strenuous are our ideas of caste."

To Make Gravy Palatable.
If the gravy is very fat take some of it off; put the pan over the fire, let it become hot, then stir it into a thin batter. An old fowl is fit for nothing but soup.

Made the Indian Deal Mad.

Senator Stewart the other day related the story of an adventure with a big Indian when he was prospecting for gold. The Indian asked the future senator for a ride in a high wagon, and he was told to climb in. In less than a minute Stewart was poked, prodded, and another Indian behind a rock, who was sighting a gun at Stewart.

"I guess they needed my wagon and my mule and maybe my scalp in their business. My only chance was to grab that Indian around the waist and hold him in front of me. You bet I did that, and at the same time yelled at my mule. That critter had some sense, and in a few minutes we were out of range. But it was a close shave."

At the senator stopped the curious man in the party asked him what he did with the Indian.

"Why, I broke his gun, threw him out of the wagon, and then kicked him along on his hands and knees until I think he got real mad."—Washington Correspondence Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Laying for Him.

One of the clerks employed at the Reading terminal, who is something of a practical joker, had a falling out on the other day with a shrewd newsboy. Knowing that two afternoon newspapers had recently suspended publication, it has been his custom upon leaving his office in the evening to call a newsboy and say: "Here's a nickel. Keep the change and give me a call, quick." He thought it great fun to see the newsboy's face when he came to the office, and then to note the disappointed expression of the youngster's face. But he tried it once too often. He greeted a boy at Twelfth and Market streets on Wednesday evening with his usual witticism, and, much to his astonishment, the little fellow showed a call into his hands and grabbed the coin before the astonished clerk knew what was up. Then there was nothing for the joker to do but take his medicine. "I've been a layin' fer dat guy," remarked the boy. "He wanted a call, an' he got it. Dat paper was six months' old."—Philadelphia Record.

Low Rate Winter Tours to the Sunny South.

The Mobile & Ohio will run Special Low Rate Excursions, good until June the first, permitting invalids and others to stop at first class hotels en route, at very nominal rates to all points in Alabama, Mississippi, Georgia, Florida, Cuba, Central and South America. Low Rate Home-seeker's 1st and 2nd Tuesday of each month. One Way Settler's come days at Very Low Rates. Any ticket agent or J. T. Poe, G. T. M. Mobile, Ala.; C. M. Shepard, G. P. A. Mobile, Ala.; M. H. Bohrer, D. P. A. 351 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; 7 West Fort Street, Detroit, Mich.

A Bad Blunder.

Mr. Kip (angrily)—That's a nice thing you say about my business in your paper this week.
Editor—What?
Mr. Kip (reading): "If you want to have a fit, wear Kip's shoes—Germans—stop the press!"—Ohio State Journal.

To Florida Via Cincinnati.

New Pullman train, Chicago to St. Augustine, drawing room sleepers, magnificent dining and observation cars, through to Florida without change. Leave Chicago 12:00 noon every week day, beginning January 11th, Big Four Route, Monon C. H. & D. Penna. Lines, Queen & Crescent, Southern Ry., Plant System and F. E. C. Ry. Call on ticket agents any of lines named.

Always Caught.

If a young man goes into a jewelry store to look at ladies' rings, the worst gossip in town is sure to step in and catch him at it.—Athens Globe.

New Through Pullman Sleeping Car Service to Hot Springs, Ark., Via Little Rock.

On Jan. 5th of the present year, the Kansas City Southern Railway Co., Brown as the Port Arthur Route, made a new addition to its many advantages by offering to the public new through Pullman sleeping car service between Kansas City and the famous Hot Springs of Arkansas, via Little Rock. This new through route in connection with the C. O. & G. R. R. and the L. R. & H. S. W. R. R. forms the shortest line between Kansas City and Hot Springs, makes the best time between these two points, and is also the only line offering through Pullman service. Leaving Kansas City at 11:00 A. M., you arrive in Hot Springs at 9:55 A. M. the next morning, without change of cars. All main lines running into Kansas City make direct connections with this fast through train. If you are going to the Springs, this is the season to go, and when you do go, see that your ticket reads via the famous Port Arthur Route. All information desired will be cheerfully furnished by addressing S. G. Warner, G. P. & T. A., Kansas City, Mo.

A Vermont Wonder.

A report is published from Vermont that the electric light plant of a town in the Green mountain state was frozen up the other night. When it comes to freezing up electricity Vermont beats the record. Up to date nothing equally startling has been heard of, unless the effort to get the lights to be exempted. It is used to describe a wonderful section out west where everything was petrified—even the law of gravitation. And Vermont could not surpass that.—Troy Times.

Career and Character of Abraham Lincoln.

An address by Joseph Choate, Ambassador to Great Britain, on the career and character of Abraham Lincoln—his early life—his early struggles with the world—his character as developed in the later years of his life and his administration, which placed his name so high on the world's roll of honor and fame, has been published by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway and may be had by sending six (6) cents in postage to F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Hope Springs Eternal.

A little New Zealand girl wrote to ask Mark Twain if his real name was Clemens. She knew better, she said, because Clemens was the man who sold patent medicine. She hoped not for she liked the name of Mark Twain. Mr. Twain was in the Bible!

Mr. Mark Twain's Receipt.

"An Mark Twain has got into the Bible," Mr. Choate characteristically remarked in telling about it. "I'm not without hopes myself."—Youth's Companion.

The Mobile & Ohio will have a special Low Rate personally conducted Excursion to Mardi Gras, at Mobile and New Orleans.

Tickets on sale February 12th to 15th. Through Sleepers and Palace Day Coaches from principal cities for this occasion. For further information and tickets to Hot Springs, call on ticket agent, or address C. M. Shepard, G. P. A. Mobile, Ala.; or M. H. Bohrer, D. P. A. 351 Marquette Bldg., Chicago; 7 West Fort St., Detroit, Mich.

A Distinction.

When a man is bilious he admits it, and takes pills; but a woman begins to talk about life being a struggle and the wickedness of her environment.—Athens Globe.

Mr. Gallagher's Ramblings.

"Missis Flannigan!" Mrs. Flannigan—"I made they do away this week last left me without payin' his rent."—Ohio State Journal.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Women use 17 times as many gloves as men.

The record running high jump in 6 feet 3 1/2 inches.

Fifteen Indian languages are still spoken in Mexico.

An American bank has been organized in Rotterdam, Holland.

Great Britain is shipping firewood from Victoria, Australia, for the use of her troops in China.

One authority on botany estimates that over 20,000 species of plants are now known and classified.

The golden eagle has great strength. It lifts and carries off with ease a weight of 50 pounds.

Ten million eight hundred thousand English people live in the country; over 16,000,000 in towns.

The Chinese are essentially cotton consumers, the majority of the people dressing in clothes of that fabric.

The tube of a twelve-inch gun has fifty spiral grooves inside, which cause the shot to revolve seventy-five times per second as it rushes through the air.

The crust of the earth under Japan must be comparatively thin, judging by the number of earthquake shocks in that country. They average 500 a year.

The Salvation army has received a gold medal at the Paris exposition for its American exhibit, showing its method in reclaiming the fallen and outcast.

The marquis of Salisbury keeps about seventy indoor servants, not counting dependents of a higher class, such as private secretaries, librarians and chaplains.

In Paris all artists must have rested quietly in their graves for ten years before their handiwork in the shape of pictures can be hung on the walls of the Louvre gallery.

In a ton of Dead sea water there are 157 pounds of salt; Red sea, 93; Mediterranean, 85; Atlantic, 81; English channel, 72; Black sea, 26; Baltic, 19, and Caspian sea, 11.

A Cleveland rheumatic, who could barely walk, took to his heels and ran like a deer when he was held up by footpads, and since then claims that he is free of his malady.

Bangkok is a city of waters. It is an Indo-Chinese Venice. More people live in floating homes on the Menam, "the Nile of Siam," and the many canals than in permanent buildings.

In Lorneo and Labuan postage stamps to the value of \$100,000 were sold last year, though the postage on the mails from those two countries does not exceed \$5,000 a year. It is the collectors who buy the stamps.

SCIENCE GOSSIP.

Huxley declared that "science is nothing but trained and organized common sense."

An Austrian suggestion, which the Viennese are said to favor, is to approach the north pole in submarines boats!

The London Lancet calls attention to the fact that canned tomatoes are now being extensively colored, in order to make them look attractive and as if made from ripe fruit.

Astronomers figure out that the diameter of the earth at the equator varies 3.045 feet, so that our planet is not only flattened at the poles, but slightly squeezed in the middle.

POLICE OFFICER RESCUED.

Chief A. C. Swanson of the Council Bluffs, Ia., Feb. 4, 1901 (Special).—Kind-hearted Officer Swanson, of the local police force, is very popular in this city. He has lived here for seventeen years, and has enjoyed many high offices in social and society work. He is now vice president of the "Dannebrog" Brotherhood, the largest Danish secret society in America, which combines benevolent with the social features. Owing to the constant exposure and many hours on his feet, which his duty as a Police Officer makes unavoidable, Mr. Swanson became the victim of serious kidney and liver trouble. He was very bad, but has entirely recovered. He gives the story in his own words as follows:

"I have been a sufferer for many years with kidney and liver trouble, and have tried many remedies, some of which gave me temporary relief, and others which were absolutely worthless. I began to think that there was no help for me, when my nephew gave me a part of a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills which he had left, saying that it would do no harm to try them, as they had certainly fixed him all right. What he gave me helped me so much that I felt justified in purchasing more, and I grew slowly better. It took almost two months to effect a complete cure, as mine was a very bad case, but I can cheerfully and truthfully say that I am a well man today, and I am very grateful that Dodd's Kidney Pills were thus brought to my notice."

The wonderful cures effected by Dodd's Kidney Pills in Iowa have created quite a sensation in some parts of the state. There does not seem to be any case of Lame Back, Rheumatism, Kidney or Bladder Trouble which these wonderful Pills cannot cure. They are certainly popular here, and the sale through the local druggists is very large.

WHEN WRINKLES COME.

Departing HEALTH and BEAUTY Called Back by

Dr. Greene's Nervura

and fascinate. It is within your power to do so, for it is within every woman's power to be well and strong, and hence look her best. If she will use Dr. Greene's Nervura to give her strong, vigorous nerves, pure, rich blood, a clear complexion, and thus restore the energies and vitality of sound and perfect health.

Good health means youthful good looks to every woman, and it behooves women to restore and maintain their health by taking that greatest and best of all health restoratives, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It will build up the health, cleanse and purify the complexion, restore brilliancy to the eye, make rich, red blood and strong, steady, and vigorous nerves. Dr. Greene's Nervura will make you look and feel young and restore your energies, vivacity, and enjoyment of life.

MRS. KATE AUSTIN, 40 Jenny Lind Ave., Somerville, Mass., says:

"I had a pain in my side for seventeen years. I also suffered with terrible backache and headache; such an awful headache, and I had not a bit of appetite. I could not sleep, and I was as pale as a ghost. I was terribly nervous. I could not sleep for a long time, and I had rheumatism in my shoulder and arm. I suffered everything; nobody but God knows how I suffered. I weighed 125 pounds. A friend recommended Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I commenced to take it. I was so weak and run down that the first bottle did not do me much good, but I kept on, and the second bottle did me good and I began to gain. After taking the Nervura I never had a pain in my side, or any headache, and I sleep well, and have a good appetite. I don't believe there is any medicine in the world so good as Dr. Greene's Nervura. It did me good right off, and I have had no return of my worst troubles. I had rheumatism, but since taking Nervura that has disappeared. I feel strong, and last summer was able to do the work for fourteen in a family, and I weigh 105 pounds. I was so weak before, nobody knows how I worked, but I feel to work for my children. I sat two weeks in bed, unable to get up. Now I am strong, and it did him a lot of good. I recommend Dr. Greene's Nervura to every one."

Women have absolute confidence in Dr. Greene's Nervura, more so than in any other remedy, because it is purely vegetable and a famous regular physician prepares it, which is a guarantee that it is perfectly adapted to cure. As an additional assurance of cure, Dr. Greene, 35 W. 14th St., New York City, gives you the privilege of consulting him without charge or cost, either by calling or writing about your case.

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA Makes Health and Happiness

Healthy women look younger than their age, but you look far too old for your years.

Time deals lightly with the woman in good health, but the wasting hand of sickness and disease spares neither your youthful looks, beauty, nor complexion.

The Creator has endowed every woman with beauty, and every woman in good health is beautiful and comely to look upon. A clear, fresh, wholesome look is the result of the possession of good health, and no woman can be beautiful and attractive without good health. The dull, dead, gnawing pain, the sense of nervousness, weakness, oppression, and discouragement, the tired, listless, languid feeling, the shooting pains, the aching head, the pain in the back, all these are symptoms of a disordered system, and all these are beauty-killers, producers of dull leaden complexions, unnatural flushings, dark circles under the eyes, humors, eruptions, blackheads, lustreless eyes, and other disfigurements which divest women of their natural gift of beauty.

Why be homely when you can be beautiful and attractive?

Get good health and with it those looks and attributes which attract, please, and fascinate. It is within your power to do so, for it is within every woman's power to be well and strong, and hence look her best. If she will use Dr. Greene's Nervura to give her strong, vigorous nerves, pure, rich blood, a clear complexion, and thus restore the energies and vitality of sound and perfect health.

TAXPAYERS UP IN ARMS

Meeting Held to Arrange for the Organization of an Association—Plan is to Lessen Taxes in County.

A meeting of many of the representative citizens of this city was held at the Armory hall Tuesday evening for the purpose of taking steps leading to the organization of the Onondaga County Taxpayers' association, the purpose of which will be to investigate the matter of taxation in this city and the various corners of the county and work with a firm determination to equalize the same, if possible.

C. C. Bronson was made chairman of the meeting and P. N. Hammer secretary. A committee composed of J. Barnes, E. O. Brown, Chas. Chase and C. C. Yawkey was appointed by the chairman to complete the organization. The members of the committee will lose no time in performing their mission and the association will soon be on a working basis.

Mr. Barnes gave a very interesting talk at Tuesday evening's meeting on

The members of the committee will solicit membership and as soon as their work is far enough advanced another meeting will be called to perfect the organization. Many of the heavy tax payers and influential citizens of the county are enlisting the services in the work and propose to lessen the rate of taxation through out the county if such a thing is possible.

"WHAT DID TOMKINS DO?" NEXT.

Laughable Farce Will Be Seen at
Grand Monday Evening, Feb. 18.

"What Did Tomkins Do" is t

problem of the hour just now in this lander. It has superseded all other questions social or political in the minds of the people, but it bids fair to remain a secret until the arrival here on Monday, Feb. 18, of Har-

of
ast
ew

here on Monday, Feb. 15th and
Corson Clarke and his company wh.
It will be illustrated and dem-
onstrated to the satisfaction of all inter-
ested and to the delight of all who
joy a hearty laugh. It presents a

Clark at his best; as a fun-baker, excellent one who is rapidly nearing the highest eminence his profession affords. His new play has created sensation wherever it has been n

Mrs. Jamieson has been down with the grip the past week.

ON OF A HUMANE SOCIETY

SLANDER IS IN URGENT NEED OF SUCH
HUMAN AND BRUTAL TREATMENT.

Now Mr. Editor, do you not think that if a Humane society were instituted in this city that could prevent such outrages, that it would be a mighty good thing?

A person does not feel like coming to the front, and telling a man he shouldn't do this, and he shouldn't do that, when just a few arrests of these offenders made by one who has business it is to do so, would put an end to the trouble.

No, let the people awaken from their sleep, and see that something must be done.

It would be a blessing to the city

our citizens would establish a society and it would not be long before a thing as cruelly to animals and beating would be a thing of the in Blindander.

With a Humane society, all could be accomplished and the would be complete.

And with the hearty encouragement that would be given by our people would not be long before this could be realized.

If you think it worth while I that you will mention this fact in columns of The New North, and do much toward putting the "on."

A SUBSCRIBER

Sermon.

who have won or lost the war in great battle? We judge only by results. The hero of today may be the coward of yesterday. The conqueror in a hundred battles may have had his fiercest conflict with himself. If so that was the greatest of all his victories. To show of fear is no disgrace; surely it is ignominy. We should not be men by their success in conquest rather than by their valor over others. Many a man has died in battle trembling with fear, showing the front and performing deeds of the bravest of the brave; we could see below the surface should find that men who, like Chevalier Bayard, were appalled without fear and without reproach, in silence and darkness, and communicated a secret fear before

The same principle is applicable to a little fair is whole. We regard the suspicious of any man who has without himself his battle without fear and a final courage that apprehends danger. He may be the very devil from his own shadow or over his own blocks. The reason he doesn't know himself. In a going way he asks "who's at it?" If he could look into his own heart and read it might he would find answer to his question. Success and mere bravado. It has a first element of true courage, a class of men think there is no because none is visible. That is the mistake and peril of materialism. Theological idea of a devil is a astralational. As a practical

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
LAND OFFICE AT WISCONSIN, Wis.
January 8th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim to said land under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 3rd, 1879, in relation to the claims of the heirs of John Adams, deceased, who was Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on March 2nd, 1901, viz: Joseph Forsyth who made H. E. No. 54385 for the lot 2-34-22-5.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles Morrill, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; George A. Johnson, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; William Hilton, of Gageau, Wisconsin; John Adams, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

Gt-34-22-5 EDWIN T. WHEELER, Register

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clerk of the circuit court at Rhinelander, Wisconsin, on February 15, 1901, at which Warren Goodell, who is the owner of the NE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Lot 1 of Sec. 3, T. 1 N. R. 1 E. East.

The names of the following witnesses to and grantors of the above-mentioned deed and certificate of sale land, viz: Lester M. Goodell, Rhinelander, Wisconsin; S. Tuttle, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin; Alois Schuppner, of Hanover, Wisconsin; and John J. Schuppner, of the city of Hayward Junction, Wisconsin.

63-111-113. EDWIN T. WHEELER, Register.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.—National Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.

WASCO, WIS., Jan. 7th, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the purpose of disposing of the public lands of California and Nevada and Washington Territory" extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, George J. Lyons, of Rhinelander, Wisconsin, the owner of the NE 1/4 of NE 1/4 of Section No. 12, for the purchase of said NE 1/4 of Section No. 28 in Township 1 N., Range 1 E., East, has applied to the register to show that the land sought is more valuable for timber or stone than for agricultural purposes.

for the purpose of obtaining the claim
and to establish the title to the
this office at Wagon, Wisconsin, on Th
the 21st day of March, 1901.

Witness my right hand, at Lyons, A
Miller, John Ennis, Homer McLoughlin,
of Rhineland, Wis.

Any and all persons claiming adversely
above-described lands are requested to
their claims in this office on or before
21st day of March, 1901.

ELMER T. WERNICK,
Register.

FILED J10-M114.

The Central

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GEO. DUSEL, Proprietor.

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RHEINELANDER.

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 18.63
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 0.63
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that you can't see with glasses picked up at random. Your only safe course is to buy from a reputable dealer, who maintains an establishment year after year and relies on honest dealing for his success. You can buy glasses and spectacles cheap, but they're dear in the long run, to say nothing of eye-injury. Our store opening dates back to 1882.

—

J. SEGERSTROM.

SUITINGS.

Good and stylish goods for winter
and we want your patronage.

SEE THEM ON SIGHT.

We carry the very best grades of black
and blue imported worsted.

ANIELSON,
Rhineland, Wis.

THE BEST PROOF OF ITS PURITY

Here in the fact that physicians prescribe pure beer for their patients. Its qualities as a tonic and general rejuvenator of the human system are recognized by all familiar with its merits. Its freedom from adulterants, the patience, skill and care exercised in its manufacture recommend it to you. Sold in bottles at \$1.00 per 6 pints or 12 quarts, delivered at your door.

Rhineland Brewing Co.
RHINELANDER, WIS.

IONERY.

a stock of "Royal Linen" paper
we offer for sale, as follows:

pts Paper, **50c**

C. D. BRONSON.

S BROS.

Plumbing, Gas, Lighting, Heating
Pipe at reasonable prices
given Prompt Attention

der Will Receive Immediate Reply
RHINELANDER, WIS

LOTS NOW.

There is a general advance in prices of all building materials to take effect about May 30. Those who wish to build should take advantage of the present low prices.

Loan on good security.

BROWNE



**Full Weight,
Full Measure,**

the rule at Horr's. No skimping, inferior quality, and everything of value. For table luxuries of the brands—domestic and imported—and for common everyday and more necessary groceries you find no better purchasing place than Horr's. Have you tried this brand of buckwheat?

**LOG CABIN MAPLE SYRUP AND
COLBY CHEESE.**

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